## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLORADO

Civil Action No. \_\_\_\_\_ -cv- \_\_\_\_\_-

Plaintiff(s),

۷.

Defendant(s).

## ELECTION CONCERNING CONSENT/NON-CONSENT TO UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE JURISDICTION

Under 28 U.S.C. § 636(c) and

 D.C.COLO.LCivR 40.1(c) (Assignment of Cases/Direct Assignment to Magistrate Judges);

or

(2) Fed. R. Civ. P. 73 and D.C.COLO.LCivR 72.2 (Consent Jurisdiction of a Magistrate Judge);

or

(3) D.C.COLO.LAPR 72.2 (Consent Jurisdiction of a Magistrate Judge).

## CHECK ONE

\_\_\_\_\_ all parties in this civil action CONSENT to have a United States magistrate judge conduct all proceedings in this civil action, including trial, and to order the entry of a final judgment;

## OR

\_\_\_\_\_\_ at least one party in this civil action DOES NOT CONSENT to have a United States magistrate judge conduct all proceedings in this civil action, including trial, and to order the entry of a final judgment.

Printed name	Party represented
Signature	Date
Printed name	Party represented
Signature	Date
Printed name	Party represented
Signature	Date

**NOTE:** You are directed to confer with all parties in this action and execute and file with the Court this Election Concerning Consent/Non-Consent to United States Magistrate Judge Jurisdiction, indicating either the unanimous consent of the parties or that at least one party has declined to consent, at the earlier of (1) no later than seven days before the scheduling conference, if any; or (2) 45 days after the filing of the first response, other than an answer, to the operative complaint. All parties must either consent to the exercise of magistrate judge jurisdiction, or any party may decline to consent. In either event, <u>filing of the Election Concerning</u>
Consent/Non-Consent to United States Magistrate Judge Jurisdiction is mandatory, indicating either the unanimous consent of the parties or that at least one party has declined to consent.