# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLORADO

Civil Action No. 1:18-C	<u>V-01502</u>		AMENDED
(To b	e supplied by the court)	<del></del>	
ALEJANDRO SERRANO DOME	ENECH	, Plaintiff	
v.	••		
UNITED STATES OF AMERI	CA		RECEIVED TED STATES DISTRICT COUL DENVER, COLORADO
ET AL	<del></del>		OCT 3 1 2018
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	JE	FFREY P. COLWELL CLERI
		Defendant(s)	
(List each named defendant on a sep the space provided, please write "se sheet of paper with the full list of na identical to those contained in Section	e attached" in the space	above and a	ttach an additional
	AMENDED		
PR	SONER COMPLAIN	. 1/	
	NOTICE		

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 5.2 addresses the privacy and security concerns resulting from public access to electronic court files. Under this rule, papers filed with the court should not contain: an individual's full social security number or full birth date; the full name of a person known to be a minor; or a complete financial account number. A filing may include only: the last four digits of a social security number; the year of an individual's birth; a minor's initials; and the last four digits of a financial account number.

Plaintiff need not send exhibits, affidavits, grievances, witness statements, or any other materials to the Clerk's Office with this complaint.

<sup>1/</sup> DOMENECH, proceeding pro se, asks the Court to liberally construe his pleadings so as to best achieve substantial justice. HAINES v. KERNER, 404 U.S. 519 (1972).

Α.	PL.	AIN	TIFF	INFO	<b>PRM</b>	ATION

You must notify the court of any changes to your address where case-related papers may be served by filing a notice of change of address. Failure to keep a current address on file with the court may result in dismissal of your case.

Alejandro	S. Domenech, #13008-040, U.S.P Atwater, P.O. Box 019001,
(Name, prisor	ner identification number, and complete mailing address)
Atwater, C	A 95301
(Other names	by which you have been known)
(Other manies	by which you have been knowny
Indicate wheth	er you are a prisoner or other confined person as follows: (check one)
Pretrial	detainee
	committed detainee
Immigr	ation detainee .
Convict	ted and sentenced state prisoner
X Convict	ted and sentenced federal prisoner
Other: (	Please explain)
more space is n	following information for each defendant listed in the caption of the complaint. If needed, use extra paper to provide the information requested. The additional g defendants should be labeled "B. DEFENDANT(S) INFORMATION."  UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
Dolonaum 1.	(Name, job title, and complete mailing address)
	(Unknown Address)
	At the time the claim(s) in this complaint arose, was this defendant acting under color of state or federal law? X Yes No (check one). Briefly explain:
	For purpose of a Federal Tort Claim the United States is to
	named as the Defendant. 28 U.S.C. §2679(d)(2)
	Defendant 1 is being sued in his/her X individual and/or X official capacity.

Defendant 2:	
	(Name, job title, and complete mailing address)
	Employed at the U.S. Penitentiary-Florence, Florence, Colorado
	At the time the claim(s) in this complaint arose, was this defendant acting under color of state or federal law? X Yes No (check one). Briefly explain:
	Officer Ison acted as an employee of the federal government
,	under both federal and state law during the times alleged herein
	Defendant 2 is being sued in his/her X individual and/or X official capacity.
Defendant 3:	Mr. Rattan
	(Name, job title, and complete mailing address)
	Employed as a medical staff member (MLP) at the U.S. Penitentiary Florence, Florence, Colorado
	At the time the claim(s) in this complaint arose, was this defendant acting under color of state or federal law? X Yes No (check one). Briefly explain:
	Medical staff member Mr. Rattan acted as an employee of the
	federal government under both federal and state law during the times alleged herein.
	Defendant 3 is being sued in his/her x individual and/or x official capacity.
C. JURISD	ICTION
ndicate the fede	ral legal basis for your claim(s): (check all that apply)
42 U.S.C.	. § 1983 (state, county, and municipal defendants)
Bivens v. (federal d	Six Unknown Named Agents of Fed. Bureau of Narcotics, 403 U.S. 388 (1971). efendants)
X Other: (pl	ease identify) FEDERAL TORT CLAIM, PURSUANT TO 28 U.S.C. §1346(b);  28 U.S.C. §2671 et seq.; 18 U.S.C. §4042
	CF. EXHIBIT A (Policy Statement of the Federal Bureau of Prisons, #1320.06)

# D. STATEMENT OF CLAIM(S)

State clearly and concisely every claim that you are asserting in this action. For each claim, specify the right that allegedly has been violated and state all facts that support your claim, including the date(s) on which the incident(s) occurred, the name(s) of the specific person(s) involved in each claim, and the specific facts that show how each person was involved in each claim. You do not need to cite specific legal cases to support your claim(s). If additional space is needed to describe any claim or to assert additional claims, use extra paper to continue that claim or to assert the additional claim(s). Please indicate that additional paper is attached and label the additional pages regarding the statement of claims as "D. STATEMENT OF CLAIMS."

CLAIM ONE: NEGLIGENT DELAY OF MEDICAL TREATMENT

Supporting facts:

1. Plaintiff, ALEJANDRO SERRANO DOMENECH, a federal prisoner, files the instant Federal Tort Claim, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1346(b); 28 U.S.C. §2671 et seq.; 18 U.S.C. §4042, against the United States of America seeking compensatory damages for injuries he suffered on February 22, 2017 as a proximate result of delay in providing urgent medical treatment during a heart attack at the U.S. Penitentiary - Florence, located in Florence, Colorado. The delay was caused by the negligent or wrongful act or omission of two correctional employees — Correctional Officer ISON and medical staff Mr. RATTAN — while acting in the scope of their employment at the prison. Due to the correctional officers deliberate disregard and failure to follow established policies and procedures Plaintiff did not receive the urgent care he required, resulting in injury, pain, emotional trauma, and suffering. The following facts are pertinent:

# STATEMENT OF FACTS: 2/

2. Plaintiff, ALEJANDRO SERRANO DOMENECH, is a federal prisoner currently incarcerated within the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

(continued on attached page ...)

<sup>•</sup> 

<sup>2/</sup> Plaintiff DOMENECH asks the Court to fully incorporate into the facts here, the facts as set forth in his original 24-page FTCA Complaint.

- 3. Plaintiff DOMENECH was incarcerated at the U.S. Penitentiary Florence, located in Florence, Colorado, on February 22, 2017. On this date he was housed within the Special Housing Unit area of the prison ("SHU"), in Range B-1.
- 4. On February 22, 2017, at approximately 3:00 a.m., DOMENECH abruptly awoke feeling very dizzy, and subsequently falling to the cell floor with agonizing chest pain. **EXHIBIT E** (Merck Medical Manual, heart attack symptoms)
- 5. DOMENECH's cellmate, RASHOD L. JAMES, Reg. No. 22665-045, immediately and repeatedly pressed the medical emergency/duress button on the cell wall. JAMES began pounding on the cell door and yelling, which, in turn, caused other inmates on the SHU B-1 Range to do the same in an effort to alert staff. EXHIBIT B (Affidavit of RASHOD L. JAMES).
- 6. DOMENECH remained squirming on the floor, his pain intermittently eased, and he passed out. DOMENECH then awoke when he heard his cellmate speaking with Correctional Officer ("C.O.") ISON. DOMENECH heard his cellmate inform C.O. ISON that DOMENECH was complaining about chest pains before passing out on the cell floor where he had remained for the past hour.
- 7. C.O. ISON's arrival at DOMENECH's cell was at approximately 4:30 a.m. approximately  $1\frac{1}{2}$  after DOMENECH's cellmate had deployed the duress button and was kicking the door and yelling for staff along with other inmates.
- 8. While his cellmate was talking to C.O. ISON, DOMENECH remained on the floor and was experiencing severe chest pain again. C.O. ISON was dismissive and disregarded DOMENECH's complaint, implying that it was a "K2" overdose

and walking off. C.O. ISON apparently did not reset the duress button alarm so that it was no longer alerting staff. C.O. ISON did not do anything to try and help DOMENECH. EXHIBIT B (Affidavit of RASHOD L. JAMES, #22665-045)

- 9. DOMENECH remained on the cell floor in severe chest pain and suffering for approximately 3-4 more hours, until approximately 7:35 a.m., when staff finally decided to take it seriously. EXHIBIT <u>C</u> (B.O.P. Medical Encounter)
- 10. DOMENECH was taken to the medical department where, at 7:54 a.m., it was documented that DOMENECH had woken up in the night and experiencing very sharp, agonizing and oppressive chest pain radiating to the left arm.

  EXHIBIT C (BOP Clinical Report). An ambulance was called.
- 11. Medical staff member Mr. RATTAN ("MLP" mid-level provider) then facilitated a transfer of DOMENECH to the outside hospital Emergency Room for toxicology tests, speculatively claiming it was an overdose, "most likely K2." EXHIBIT D. MLP RATTAN's statements tracked the same reckless diagnosis made by C.O. ISON many hours before.
- 12. At approximately 9:14 a.m., DOMENECH arrived at the St. Thomas More Hospital Emergency Room, being provided information from prison staff "reporting that patient presented with confusion around 4:30 this am. Facility reports they would like [DOMENECH] tested for K2 ingestion. PT denies ingesting any drugs other than prescription. EXHIBIT <u>D</u> (ER Report from St. Thomas More, at page 1).
- 13. St. Thomas stated that, "Given his symptomatology with chest pain and elevated troponin we will transfer him to St. Mary Corwin Hospital to be evaluated by a cardiologist." EXHIBIT H.

- 14. DOMENECH then arrived at St. Mary Corwin Hospital at approximately 10:37 a.m., on February 22, 2017. A variety of cardiac testing revealed that DOMENECH did indeed have obstructed heart arteries. **EXHIBIT I**.
- 15. DOMENECH was advised by the cardiologist that he would require surgery called cardiac catheterization in which stents would be placed into his heart arteries to relieve the obstruction of blood flow. DOMENECH remained under observation overnight and then had heart surgery on February 23, 2017. EXHIBIT I (St. Mary Corwin Hospital Cardiology Reporting)
- 16. DOMENECH's "[u]rine drug screen was negative[.]" EXHIBIT F (Discharge Summary, at page 1). SEE ALSO: EXHIBIT G (Miscellaneous medical reporting).

# DOMENECH's medical complaints when previously housed at the U.S. Penitentiary - Coleman II, located in Coleman, Florida.

- 17. Prior to his incarceration at U.S. Penitentiary Florence, DOMENECH was housed at U.S. Penitentiary Coleman II, located in Coleman, Florida. Beginning in approximately 2013, DOMENECH complained numerous times to medical staff at U.S. Penitentiary Coleman II by way of sick-call sign-up procedures and cop-outs (requests to staff) concerning troubles that he believed were possibly heart problems. DOMENECH explained that he was experiencing severe headaches and dizziness. Coleman II medical then prescribed SUMAtriptan shots. Medical also prescribed pills for a certain period.
- 18. While DOMENECH was at Coleman II he complained to medical staff that the prescribed medicine was giving him pain in the chest.

19. After DOMENECH left Coleman II and transferred to U.S. Penitentiary - Florence he made complaints to the medical staff of symptoms that he thought indicated heart troubles. DOMENECH made such complaints shortly before his February 22, 2017 heart attack. The medical department at U.S. Penitentiary - Florence did conduct a blood testing at one point that was submitted to LabCorp. EXHIBIT J (Lab Report).

# Points and authorities in support of Claim One:

The Federal Tort Claims Act ("FTCA") provides that lawsuits may be brought against the United States for property damage, personal injury, or death "caused by the negligent or wrongful act or omission of any employee of the government while acting within the scope of his office or employment." 28 U.S.C. §1346(b); 28 U.S.C. §2671 et seq.

Plaintiff DOMENECH fully contends that the United States is liable for compensatory damages as a proximate result of the negligent or wrongful acts or omissions of correctional officer ISON and medical staff member RATTAN when they delayed medical treatment that was apparently lifethreatening. These employees, acting within the scope of their employment, failed to perform non-discretionary obligations. As a result, DOMENECH was harmed and damaged.

The United States, as well its employees, have a federal legal duty of care for the individuals it incarcerates. 18 U.S.C. §4042. The Tenth Circuit Court of Appeals have held that Colorado state law requires prison officials as having a duty of care for purposes of the FTCA. SEE: KIKUMURA v.

OSAGIE, 461 F.3d 1269, 1300-1301 (10th Cir. 2006)(citing 18 U.S.C. §4042 (a)(2)). Colorado state law establishes substantive liability under the FTCA. CF. MILLER v. UNITED STATES, 463 F.3d 1122, 1123 (10th Cir. 2006).

SEE ALSO: UNITED STATES v. MUNIZ, 374 U.S. 150 (1963)(holding that actions filed "under the Federal Tort Claims Act to recover damages from the United States Government for personal injuries sustained during confinement in a federal prison, by reason of the negligence of a government employee ... are within the purview of the [FTCA]"). The United States is thus liable in DOMENECH's case because of the negligent delay of the need for apparent medical treatment by C.O. ISON and medical staff Mr. RATTAN when they failed to provide the duty of care owed Plaintiff under federal and Colorado state law. The claim is cognizable under the FTCA.

Correctional Officer ISON and medical staff Mr. RATTAN's negligent delay in providing medical treatment for DOMENECH's heart attack condition was a non-discretionary action within the scope of their employment. The delay of urgent medical treatment did not occur as a result of a discretionary function because ISON and RATTAN deliberately disregarded established policy and procedures setting forth a course of action the employee was required to follow. CF. BERKOVITZ v. UNITED STATES, 486 U.S. 531, 536 (1988); BARTON v. UNITED STATES, 609 F.2d 977, 979 (10th Cir. 1979)("fixed or readily ascertainable standard" of conduct means that the official's actions are not discretionary). DOMENECH's apparent serious medical condition, in combination with established federal prison policy, established that the required course of action expected of C.O. ISON and medical staff Mr. RATTAN was immediate medical treatment. As an initial matter, the duress button in the SHU cells is specifically intended for emergency medical/health situations. SEE: Policy

Statement ("P.S.") #5270.11 (duress button intended for emergency). Further, P.S. #6013.01 specifically instructs that immediate medical attention is warranted for an apparent, acute or emergent nature of the condition. This policy gives the example of a "stroke" and states that immediate attention is essential to sustain life or function. DOMENECH's apparent heart attack and medical history required immediate attention. SEE ALSO: P.S. #6010.05 ("All inmates have value as human beings and deserve medically necessary health care.); P.S. #6013.01 (Federal Bureau of Prisons recognizes inmates right to receive health care that recognizes basic needs). EXHIBIT A (Policy Statements). It is additionally submitted that the training manuals and other materials that Plaintiff DOMENECH does not yet have access to, will detail the required course of action when staff discovers the same or similar circumstances that DOMENECH's case presented to C.O. ISON and medical staff Mr. RATTAN. The negligent delay of urgent medical treatment in DOMENECH's case was not discretionary because a federal statute, state law, and federal Bureau of Prison policy and regulations specifically precribes a course of action for employee ISON and RATTAN to follow ... and the employee has no rightful option but to adhere to the standards of the duty owed his employer and the conduct he was hired to perform. CF. BERKOVITZ, 486 U.S. at 536; LOPEZ v. UNITED STATES, 376 F.3d 1055, 1058 (10th Cir. 2004).

The United States, employees C.O. ISON and medical staff Mr. RATTAN, including supervisory officials at the U.S. Penitentiary - Florence, breached the duty of care owed Plaintiff DOMENECH under federal and state law when they negligently delayed the apparent need for urgent and immediate medical treatment on February 22, 2017 when DOMENECH had a heart attack. The facts

establish that at approximately 3:00 a.m. on February 22, 2017, DOMENECH suffered a heart attack. His cellmate, RASHOD L. JAMES, Reg. No. 22665-045, activated the medical emergency duress button in their SHU cell. No one responded at all, despite inmate JAMES and many other inmates yelling and kicking on their cell doors to alert staff. Finally, at approximately 4:30 a.m., C.O. ISON arrived at the cell door. Although observing Plaintiff DOMENECH on the floor, essentially unresponsive, and in obvious pain, C.O. ISON disregarded what he observed and the pleas and information provided to him by DOMENECH's cellmate, and then completely and unreasonably said . that the situation was the result of a "K2" drug overdose ... and simply walked off. DOMENECH continued to lay on the floor with intense pain, despite ongoing banging and yelling to staff, until approximately 7:35 a.m. when medical was notified. At medical, MLP RATTAN attempted to assess DOMENECH, who passed out again at that moment. RATTAN assessed him a second time at approimately 7:54 a.m. and finally concluded that an ambulance should be called. Following arrival at the St. Thomas More hospital at approximately 9:14 a.m., hospital staff were given an institutional report that DOMENECH was a suspected "K2" overdose and that the institution wanted DOMENECH tested for drug use. EXHIBIT  $\underline{\mathbf{D}}$  Determining that DOMENECH required specialty cardiac care, St Thomas More hospital had him transferred to the St. Mary Corwin Hospital at approximately 10:37 a.m. Ultimately, DOMENECH was discovered to have suffered a heart attack and would require cardiac catheterization surgery, which was subsequently performed on February 23, 2017. When DOMENECH had asked the cardiologist doctor if his condition would have been less severe if he had received urgent and immediate medical attention, the cardiologist informed him that the damage to his heart would have been less and he would not have experienced the degree and length of pain he did.

The urine drug test that the hospital performed at the request of the staff at DOMENECH's institution was negative. DOMENECH had no illegal drugs in his sytem. **EXHIBIT**  $\underline{\mathbf{F}}$  (Discharge Summary).

Staff was manifestly negligent when they failed to provide nondiscretionary emergency medical treatment for Plaintiff DOMENECH. This violated federal and state law. As a proximate result DOMENECH experienced unnecessary prolonged pain and suffering. As a result of staff negligence in failing to provide immediate emergency medical treatment for many hours DOMENECH suffered heart damage and was subjected to emotional trauma and distress amidst the delay and disregard for his serious medical needs. Staff did not follow established policies and procedures. C.O. ISON made a non-medical assumption that attributed DOMENECH's condition to "K2" use, preventing urgent and necessary care. Medical staff RATTAN negligently acquiesced to C.O. ISON's non-medical diagnosis of "K2" overdose and also failed to observe DOMENECH's prior medical complaints of heart trouble and blood work done for this reason. This was further demonstrated by RATTAN being more concerned that the hospital perform "K2" drug testing than anything else. The unreasonable and unprofessional negligence of C.O. ISON and medical staff Mr. RATTAN caused Plaintiff DOMENECH's additional heart injury, pain, and emotional trauma.

In <u>ESTELLE v. GAMBLE</u>, 429 U.S. 97, 103-104 (1976), the Supreme Court made clear that if "unnecessary and wanton infliction of pain" results as a consequence of denial or delay in the provision of adequate medical care, the medical need is of the serious nature contemplated by the Eighth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution. Delay in medical care ... "constitutes an **Eighth** Amendment violation where the plaintiff can show the delay resulted

in substantial harm." OXENDINE v. KAPLAN, 241 F.3d 1272, 1276 (10th Cir. 2001). The substantial harm requirement "may be satisfied by ... considerable pain." GARRETT v. STRATMAN, 254 F.3d 946, 950 (10th Cir. 2001). Plaintiff DOMENECH's Eighth Amendment right was violated by C.O. ISON and medical staff Mr. RATTAN because they were deliberately indifferent to his serious medical needs by deliberately delaying emergency medical treatment. DOMENECH was substantially harmed as a result because he received additional heart damage, experienced prolonged and unnecessary pain and suffering, and also suffered emotional trauma. The Eighth Amendment violation and staff indifference to DOMENECH's serious medical needs was apparent based on the lack of any medical attention being provided when staff made a nonmedical diagnosis of a "K2" overdose. Although this was ultimately determined to be completely erroneous, it still demonstrates the delay of medical treatment that was being allowed to occur at the institution. Obviously, even a "K2" or drug overdose would require medical attention particularly where the emergency duress was deployed at 3:00 a.m. and the staff witnessed an immate on the floor — and the cellmate was pleading with staff to provide medical treatment. In DOMENECH's case, the deliberate disregard is established by the delay of medical treatment for an apparent heart attack for approximately 5 hours, without justification and contrary to the duty of care owed Plaintiff DOMENECH under federal law, state law, and the established policies and procedures of the Federal Bureau of Prisons at the U.S. Penitentiary - Florence.

Although this is a Federal Tort Claim, Plaintiff DOMENECH seeks to invoke the Court's supplemental jurisdiction to include within the FTCA suit the "pendent parties" of C.O. ISON, medical staff Mr. RATTAN, and supervisory fficials at U.S. Penitentiary - Florence, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1367, in relation to the Eighth Amendment claim.

LAWSUITS

Have you ever filed a lawsuit, other than thi were incarcerated? Yes X No (check	s lawsuit, in any federal or state court while you one).
previous lawsuit, use additional paper to pr	on of the form. If you have filed more than one ovide the requested information for each previous per is attached and label the additional pages OUS LAWSUITS."
Name(s) of defendant(s):	
Docket number and court:	
Claims raised:	
Disposition: (is the case still pending? has it been dismissed?; was relief granted?)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Reasons for dismissal, if dismissed:	<u> </u>
Result on appeal, if appealed:	
F. ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES	
WARNING: Prisoners must exhaust administr court regarding prison conditions. See 42 U. judgment entered against you if you have not	rative remedies before filing an action in federal ' S.C. § 1997e(a). Your case may be dismissed or exhausted administrative remedies.
Is there a formal grievance procedure at the in	stitution in which you are confined?
<u>x</u> Yes No (check one)	On August 23, 2017, Plaintiff sent a
Did you exhaust administrative remedies?	tort claim (SF-95) to the Federal Bureau of Prisons North Central Regional Office
X Yes No (check one)	(TRT-NCR-2017-06978). In a letter dated May 2, 2018, the claim was denied by the Regional Office. The denial letter then advised Plaintiff that if he was dissatisfied he could file a suit in the appropriate U.S. District Court within

6 months. The instant claim now follows.

# G. REQUEST FOR RELIEF

State the relief you are requesting or what you want the court to do. If additional space is needed to identify the relief you are requesting, use extra paper to request relief. Please indicate that additional paper is attached and label the additional pages regarding relief as "G. REQUEST FOR RELIEF."

Plaintiff asks the Court to enter judgment against the Defendants, the United States of America, and Federal Bureau of Prisons employees Officer Ison and medical staff member Mr. Rattan.

For the injuries suffered as a proximate result of the Defendant(s), as set forth under CLAIM ONE, Plaintiff asks the Court to grant him compensatory damages in the sum certain amount of \$750,000.00, holding Defendant(s) jointly and severally liable.

Plaintiff asks the Court to grant any such other relief deemed to be justified and equitable.

# H. PLAINTIFF'S SIGNATURE

I declare under penalty of perjury that I am the plaintiff in this action, that I have read this complaint, and that the information in this complaint is true and correct. See 28 U.S.C. § 1746; 18 U.S.C. § 1621.

Under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 11, by signing below, I also certify to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief that this complaint: (1) is not being presented for an improper purpose, such as to harass, cause unnecessary delay, or needlessly increase the cost of litigation; (2) is supported by existing law or by a nonfrivolous argument for extending or modifying existing law; (3) the factual contentions have evidentiary support or, if specifically so identified, will likely have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation or discovery; and (4) the complaint otherwise complies with the requirements of Rule 11.

-15-

(Plaintiff's signature)

Alejandro Serrano Domenech, pro se

October 12, 2018

(Date)

I FURTHER AFFIRM THAT A COPY OF THIS AMENDED COMPLAINT WAS

(Form Revised December 2017)
MAILED THIS DAY, VIA FIRST-CLASS
MAIL, TO THE U.S. ATTORNEY'S
OFFICE, 1801 CALIFORNIA ST.,
STE. 1600, DENVER, CO.
80202

AFFIDAVIT OF MAILING

I, ALEJANDRO S. DOMENECH, declare under penalty of perjury, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. \$1746, that I have this day and date, OCTOBER 12, 2018, placed this Prisoner Complaint (Tort Claim) into the internal mail system at my institution for processing in the U.S. Postal Mail by prison staff, in accord with HOUSTON v. LACK, 487 U.S. 266, 275-276 (1988); PRICE v. PHILPOT, 420 F.3d 1158, 1163-1164 (10th Cir. 2005).

Alejandro S. Domenech, pro se Reg. No. 13008-040

### APPENDIX OF EXHIBITS

EX.

- A. FEDERAL BUREAU OF PRISONS PROGRAM STATEMENTS ("P.S.") #1320.06 #5270.11 #6031.04 #6013.01 #6010.05
- B. AFFIDAVIT OF RASHOD L. JAMES, Reg. No. 22665-045
- C. BUREAU OF PRISONS ("B.O.P.") Medical Encounter Report
- D. EMERGENCY ROOM REPORT
- E. MERCK MANUAL OF MEDICAL INFORMATION
- F. DISCHARGE SUMMARY
- G. MISCELLANEOUS MEDICAL RECORDS/INFORMATION
- H. ST. THOMAS MORE HOSPITAL TRANSFER ORDER
- I. ST. MARY CORWIN HOSPITAL CARDIOLOGY REPORTING
- J. LABCORP BLOOD TESTING LAB REPORT

- § 4042. Duties of Bureau of Prisons
- (a) In general. The Bureau of Prisons, under the direction of the Attorney General, shall--
  - (1) have charge of the management and regulation of all Federal penal and correctional institutions;
  - (2) provide suitable quarters and provide for the safekeeping, care, and subsistence of all persons charged with or convicted of offenses against the United States, or held as witnesses or otherwise;

**USCS** 

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# Program Statement

OPI: OGC

**NUMBER: 1320.06** 

**DATÉ:** 8/1/2003

SUBJECT: Federal Tort Claims Act

3. PROGRAM OBJECTIVE. The expected result of this program is:

Appropriate compensation will be made under the Federal Tort Claims Act if individuals suffer proven monetary loss, personal injury, or wrongful death caused by an employee's negligent or wrongful act or omission, while the employee is acting within the scope of his or her employment.

pro

EX. A program

# Program Statement

OPI: CPD/CSB

NUMBER: 5270.11

DATE: November 23, 2016

# **Special Housing Units**

12. CONDITIONS OF CONFINEMENT IN THE SHU § 541.31 Conditions of confinement in the SHU.

(m) Staff monitoring. You will be monitored by staff assigned to the SHU, including program and unit team staff.

Duress buttons, if present, will be utilized only for emergency and/or life-threatening situations, to include health-related issues. The use of the duress button for anything other than an emergency and/or life-threatening situation is subject to disciplinary action.

proj

# Program Statement

OPI: HSD/HPB

**NUMBER:** 6031.04

DATE: June 3, 2014

# **Patient Care**

/s/

Approved: Charles E. Samuels, Jr.

Director, Federal Bureau of Prisons

# 9. EMERGENCY/URGENT CARE

ACA standards require a four-minute response to life- or limb-threatening medical emergencies.

pro

Case 1:1	L8-cv-01502-CMA-NYW Document 22 Filed 10/31/18 USDC Colorado Page 21 of 58 '
<b>(</b> )	(AFFidavit)
	I Am Rashod L James # 22665-045 A  Federal inmate who was incarcerated at us. F  Florence colorado Prison And Housed with in The S.H. u. (special Housing unit on B Rang  Cell#130 with Fellow inmate Alexandro Boson  Dome Nech # 13008-040 And with essed The Event  On 02-22-2017  — I with essed The Fallowing Statements—  O That I was I'm Domenech's Cellmate.  O That I was I'm Domenech's Cellmate.
*	Chest Pains.  3 That I'm Domenech Tried to walk The Dures: Button And passed out.  9 That I pressed the Duress Button Around 3Am seeking Medical Attention For My Cellman  5 That I kicked Our Cell Door to Bring S.H.C. Officers To Our Cell.
	O That S.H.u OFF, cers Did Not Respond 7.111 An Hour AFter I pressed The Duress Button X  EX. B

3) That it wasn't Till Around 7AM when SHU Staff Officer J. Ison Finally Took My Cellmates Condition Serious.

EX. B

Case 1:18	8-cv-01502-CMA-NYW Document 22 Filed 10/31/18 USDC Colorado Page 23 of 58
3	
	A That Lt And Responding Staff Took Over 4 Hours To Remove I'm Domeneen Around 7Am with No Medical Staff on Hand Cuffed Him And Daged Him OFF The Range By His Cuffed Drans And Took Him To S.H. u Medical XEam Room.  I Rashod L. James # 22665-045 Do
	I Rashod L. James # 22665-045 Do  Declare under penalty of Persury That The Forgoing 1s True And Correct.  Signed This Sep-01-2018  X Rashall James # 22665-045  Rashod James # 22665-045
	Kashod James # 22605-045
	LVK

Case 1:18-cv-01502-CMA-NYW Document 22 Filed 10/31/18 USDC Colorado Page 24 of 58

**Bureau of Prisons Health Services** Clinical Encounter

Provider: Rattan, S. MLP

Inmate Name: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO SERRANO

Date of Birth: 07/28/1973

Encounter Date: 02/22/2017 07:35

Sex:

Μ Race: WHITE Reg #:

13008-040

Facility: FLP Unit: Z03

Mid Level Provider - Evaluation encounter performed at Health Services.

SUBJECTIVE:

COMPLAINT 1

Provider: Rattan, S. MLP

Chief Complaint: Other Problem

Inmate was found lying on the floor early this morning by the officer and brought to medical on

gourney

On this writer's arrival, inmate is lying on the gourney wincing with pain

Deep pressure at glabella reveals no reaction

EKG has artifacts but ST-T waves were unremarkable

Pain: Yes

Pain Assessment

Date:

02/22/2017 07:37

Location:

Chest-Left

**Quality of Pain:** 

Sharp

Pain Scale:

Unavailable

Intervention:

transfer to ER

Trauma Date/Year:

Injury:

Mechanism:

Onset:

1-2 Days

**Duration:** 

1-2 Davs

Exacerbating Factors: none Relieving Factors:

none

Comments:

**OBJECTIVE:** 

Pulse:

**Date** 

Time

Rate Per Minute

Location

Rhythm

**Provider** 

02/22/2017 07:34 FLX

106

Via Machine

Regular

Rattan, S. MLP

Respirations:

Date

<u>Time</u>

Rate Per Minute Provider

02/22/2017

07:34 FLX

16 Rattan, S. MLP

Blood Pressure:

Date

Time

<u>Value</u> 142/96 Location Right Arm **Position** 

**Cuff Size** 

**Provider** 

Adult-regular Rattan, S. MLP

**Blood Glucose:** 

**Date** 

<u>Time</u>

Value (mg/dl)

Lying

Regular Insulin

**Provider** 

02/22/2017

02/22/2017 07:34 FLX

07:34 FLX 120 **Type** Random

Rattan, S. MLP

SaO2:

**Date** 

02/22/2017

Time 07:41 FLX Value(%) Air

98 Room Air

**Provider** Rattan, S. MLP

Generated 02/22/2017 07:46 by Rattan, S. MLP

Bureau of Prisons - FLP

Case 1:18-cv-01502-CMA-NYW Document 22 Filed 10/31/18 USDC Colorado Page 25 of 58 Inmate Name: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO SERRANO Date of Birth: Reg #: 13008-040 07/28/1973 Race: WHITE Facility: FLP Encounter Date: 02/22/2017 07:35 Provider: Rattan, S. MLP Unit: Z03 Exam: Pulmonary Auscultation Yes: Clear to Auscultation Cardiovascular Auscultation Yes: Regular Rate and Rhythm (RRR), Normal S1 and S2 **Abdomen** Inspection Yes: Within Normal Limits **Auscultation** Yes: Normo-Active Bowel Sounds **Exam Comments** Inmate is drowsy, pupils 2 mm fixed bilaterally Examination of skin reveals no injury ASSESSMENT: Injury, unspecified, T1490 - Current - R/O OD PLAN: **New Consultation Requests:** Consultation/Procedure Target Date Scheduled Target Date Priority **Translator** Language **Emergency Room** 02/22/2017 02/22/2017 Emergent No . Subtype: **Emergency Room** Reason for Request: 43 yo male found lying on the floor, EKG unremarkable, pupils 2 mm fixed bilaterally! Transfer to ER for toxicology tests Provisional Diagnosis: R/O Overdose \_\_\_\_ Disposition: Transfer to Local Hospital Other: - Examined by physician in addition - Will transfer to local ER for toxicology **Patient Education Topics: Date Initiated Format** Handout/Topic **Provider Outcome** 02/22/2017 Not Done No Participation, Rattan, S.

# Bureau of Prisons **Health Services** Clinical Encounter

М

Inmate Name: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO SERRANO

Date of Birth:

07/28/1973

Sex:

Race: WHITE

Reg #: 13008-040

Facility: FLP

Encounter Date: 02/22/2017 07:54

Provider: Rattan, S. MLP

Unit: Z03

Mid Level Provider - Evaluation encounter performed at Health Services.

SUBJECTIVE:

COMPLAINT 1

Provider: Rattan, S. MLP

Chief Complaint: Other Problem Subjective: Ambulance on the way

Inmate woke up; sitting, second set of vitals documented

Reports sharp and oppressive chest pain radiating to left arm, states that chest pain was

10/10 initially and now it is 4/10

Significant family hx of heart disease

Pain:

Pain Assessment

Date:

02/22/2017 07:56

Location:

Chest-Left

Quality of Pain:

Sharp

Pain Scale:

10

Intervention:

transfer to ER

Trauma Date/Year:

Injury:

Mechanism:

Onset:

6-12 Hours

**Duration:** 

6-12 Hours

Exacerbating Factors: none

Relieving Factors:

none

Comments:

OBJECTIVE:

Temperature:

**Date** 

<u>Time</u>

<u>Fahrenheit</u>

Celsius Location

Provider

02/22/2017

07:54 FLX

98.0

36.7 Oral

Rattan, S. MLP

Pulse:

**Date** 

<u>Time</u>

Rate Per Minute

**Location** 

Rhythm

**Provider** 

02/22/2017 07:54 FLX

83 .. Via Machine Regular

Rattan, S. MLP

Respirations:

<u>Date</u>

<u>Time</u>

Rate Per Minute Provider

02/22/2017

07:54 FLX

14 Rattan, S. MLP

**Blood Pressure:** 

**Date** 

Time

**V**alue Location

**Position** 

**Cuff Size Provider** 

02/22/2017 07:54 FLX

143/86

Left Arm

Sitting

Adult-regular Rattan, S. MLP

SaO2:

Date -

Time

Value(%) Air

**Provider** 

Generated 02/22/2017 08:03 by Rattan, S. MLP

Bureau of Prisons - FLP

Case 1:18-cv-01502-CMA-NYW Document 22 Filed 10/31/18 USDC Colorado Page 27 of 58 Inmate Name: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO SERRANO Reg #: 13008-040 Date of Birth: 07/28/1973 М Race: WHITE Facility: FLP Encounter Date: 02/22/2017:07:54 Provider: Rattan, S. MLP Unit: Z03 <u>Date</u> <u>Time</u> Value(%) Air **Provider** 02/22/2017 07:54 FLX 100, Room Air Rattan, S. MLP Exam:

General

Affect

Yes: Cooperative

**Appearance** 

Yes: Alert and Oriented x 3, Appears in Pain, Pale

**ASSESSMENT:** 

Injury, unspecified, T1490 - Current

PLAN:

Disposition:

Transfer to Local Hospital

Other:

- Will transfer to ER for R/O Overose, most likely K2 \_

**Patient Education Topics:** 

**Date Initiated Format** 02/22/2017 Counseling

Plan of Care

Handout/Topic

**Provider** Rattan, S. <u>Outcome</u> Verbalizes Understanding

Copay Required: No

Cosign Required: No

Telephone/Verbal Order: No

Completed by Rattan, S. MLP on 02/22/2017 08:03

# **Bureau of Prisons Health Services Clinical Encounter - Administrative Note**

Inmate Name:

DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO SERRANO

Reg #:

13008-040

Date of Birth: Note Date:

07/28/1973

02/28/2017 07:06

Provider:

Race: WHITE Resto, William MD/CD Facility: Unit:

**FLP Z07** 

Review Note - Chart Review encounter performed at Health Services.

Administrative Notes:

ADMINISTRATIVE NOTE 1

Provider: Resto, William MD/CD

Cardiac cath done 02/23/17\_due to chest pain with high troponin. Single vessel obstructive coronary artery disease with totally occluded and collateral circumflex reduced to 0% stenosis after drug-eluting stent placement( angioplasty).

**New Consultation Requests:** 

Consultation/Procedure

Target Date Scheduled Target Date Priority

**Translator** Language

Cardiology

03/31/2017

03/31/2017

Routine

No

Subtype:

Offsite Appt

Reason for Request:

43y/o Hispanic male withy hx of HTN, migraine 02//22/17 presented chest pain + sob in the early morning. transferred to hospital, ekg grossly normal but troponin was high. Non Stemi infarct. Cardiac cath done 02/23/17 due to chest pain with high troponin: Single vessel obstructive coronary artery disease with totally roccluded and collateral circumflex reduced to 0% stenosis after drug-eluting stent placement( angioplasty). Follow up\_

Copay Required: No

Cosign Required: No

Telephone/Verbal Order: No

Completed by Resto, William MD/CD on 02/28/2017 07:11

# **Bureau of Prisons Health Servicës**

# Clinical Encounter - Administrative Note

Inmate Name:

DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO SERRANO

Reg #: '

13008-040

Date of Birth: Nóte Date:

07/28/1973

Sex: 02/23/2017 07:07

Race: WHITE Provider: Resto, William MD/CD Facility: Unit:

**FLP** Z03

Admin Note - Chart Review encounter performed at Health Services.

### **Administrative Notes:**

**ADMINISTRATIVE NOTE 1** 

Provider: Resto, William MD/CD

43y/o Hispanic male evaluated Feb 22 2017-Sent to hospital for chest pain (Heart attack?) \_ Before go to hospital I spoke with patient Feb 22 2017; he referred that has had chest pain x 2 days, mid chest pressure/crushing radiated to left arm last seconds and goes and comes. Strong family hx of heart diseases. He was sent to St Mary Thomas hospital via AMR, then transferred t St Mary Corwin hospital due to suspect heart attack.

Copay Required: No

Cosign Required: No

Telephone/Verbal Order: No

Completed by Resto, William MD/CD on 02/23/2017 07:15

St. Thomas More

PT: DOMENECH; ALEJANDRO S

DOB: 07/28/1973, 43, M UNIT #: TM00198964 REPORT #: 0222-0508 ADM: 02/22/17 0914 ED DOS: 02/22/17 0914 ACCOUNT #: TA0000465869

LOC: STED

Lins, Robert Dean Jr DO

EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT REPORT
Signed

# **ED HPI/ROS/HIST/PE**

Provider Sign up / Triage Provider Sign up/Time Seen: 09:17 Nurses' Note:

PT TO ED SENT FROM USP; THEY WERE REPORTING THE PATIENT PRESENTED WITH CONFUSION AROUND 0430 THIS AM FACILITY REPORTS THEY WOULD LIKE HIM TESTED FOR K2 / INGESTION. PT DENIES INGESTING ANY DRUGS OTHER THAN PRESCRIPTION. FACILITY WAS NOTIFIED WE DONT HAVE CAPABILITY FOR K2 TESTING. PT ON ARRIVAL C/O STERNAL CP THAT HAPPENED THIS AM FOR A FEW SECONDS, HE ALSO REPORTS IT HAPPENED YESTERDAY.

### HPI/ROS

CHIEF COMPLAINT: Chest pain, altered mental status

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS: This is a 43-year-old male that presents with chest pain. He says it began at 3:00 this morning and lasted for approximately 20-30 minutes. He says he was short of breath. He had a similar episode yesterday. No chest pains prior to this but he said abdominal pain for the past 3 months. He described it as cramping and intermittent. He denies he is having any pain at this time. He is never had a stress test or cardiac workup. He says his mother had a heart attack but she is alive and currently age 59. This morning medical evaluated him and thought he was confused and sent him to the ER/ because they would like him tested for drug ingestion particularly K2/ At this time he seems interactive and not confused. He does have a history of migraines but has not been having any headaches. No recent illness otherwise such as fever, cough, runny nose, sore throat, rash, or diarrhea.

# **REVIEW OF SYSTEMS:**

Constitutional: No fever, no chills.

Eyes: No discharge. ENT: No sore throat.

FACILITY: ST

EX. D

Additional copy PAGE 1 of 6

ACCOUNT #: TA0000465869 UNIT #: TM00198964

13008-040

He was given aspirin. EKG shows normal sinus rhythm with no acute ST segment elevation or depression. Normal QRS complex. Chest x-ray is normal

Lab work is normal except his troponin which was elevated 0.26

Given his symptomatology with chest pain and elevated troponin we will transfer him to St. Mary Corwin to be evaluated by cardiologist. He may need further evaluation such as stress test or heart catheterization I discussed this with Dr. Bhattarai who is the hospital St. Mary Corwin and he accepts him for transfer.

His vital signs of unstable he's been pain-free in the emergency room. He was given a dose of Lovenox

# Medical History Coded Allergies:

No Known Allergies (Unverified, 2/22/17)

# Physical Exam Constitutional

_						Vital Signs		•		
1	Date Time	Temp	Pulse	Resp	B/P	Pulse Ox	O2 Delivery	O2 Flow Rate	Fi02	ı
ĺ	2/22/17 09:14	36.23	68		142/89	99	Room Air		. 7	ļ

# Medical Decision Making Laboratory Results CBC & BMP Diagram 2/22/17 09:25

143	106	9 118H
4.6	27	1.11

Hemato	ology
Test	2/22/17
	09:25
RBC	5.23
MCV	85
MCH	31.7
MCHC	37.5 H
RDW	12.1
MPV	9.8
Immature Gran % (Auto)	0.1

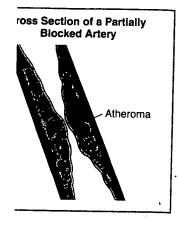
Ful

FACILITY: ST



### çery

he other end of this artery is ery cannot be used or if there ne blockage, a section of a from the saphenous vein, n the groin to the ankle—is the section (graft) is attached the other to a coronary artery ked area. Sometimes a vein addition to the mammary



lues to remove atheromas in find tiny blades, burrs, or lasers to ibrous, and calcified atheromas aving, crushing, or dissolving these techniques are still being so far, the results, especially rm, have been disappointing.

### Heart Attack

(myocardial infarction) is a ency in which some of the ipply is suddenly and severely off, causing the heart muscle o die because it is deprived of ly.

In the United States, more than 1.1 million people have a heart attack each year; about two thirds of them are men. Almost all of them have underlying coronary artery disease.

A heart attack usually occurs when a block-

A heart attack usually occurs when a blockage in a coronary artery greatly reduces or cuts off the blood supply to an area of the heart. If the supply is greatly reduced or cut off for more than a few minutes, heart tissue dies.

# Causes

A blood clot is the most common cause of a blocked coronary artery. Usually, the artery is already partially narrowed by atheromas. An atheroma may rupture or tear, narrowing the artery further and making blockage by a clot more likely. The ruptured atheroma not only reduces the flow of blood through an artery but also releases substances that make platelets stickier, further encouraging clots to form.

Uncommonly, a heart attack results when a clot forms in the heart itself, breaks away, and lodges in a coronary artery. Another uncommon cause is a spasm of a coronary artery that stops blood flow. Spasms may be caused by drugs. Sometimes the cause is unknown.

### Symptoms

About two of three people who have heart attacks experience intermittent chest pain—(angina A); shortness of breath, or fatigue a few days or weeks beforehand. The episodes of pain may become more frequent and occur after less and less physical exertion. Such a change in the pattern of chest pain (unstable angina may culminate in a heart attack.

Usually, the most recognizable symptom of a heart attack is pain in the middle of the chest that may spread to the back, jaw, or left arm. Less often, the pain spreads to the right arm. The pain may occur in one or more of these places and not in the chest at all. The pain of a heart attack is similar to the pain of angina but is generally more severe, lasts longer, and is not relieved by rest or nitroglycerin. Less often, pain is felt in the abdomen, where it may be mistaken for indigestion, especially because belching may bring partial or temporary relief.

About one third of people who have a heart attack do not have chest pain. Such people are more likely to be women, people who are not white, those who are older than 75, those who have heart failure or diabetes, or those who have had a stroke.

Other symptoms include a feeling of faintness, sudden heavy sweating, nausea, shortness of breath, and a heavy pounding of the heart.

Abnormal heart rhythms (arrhythmias) occur in more than 90% of people who have had a heart attack. Immediately and up to a few days after a heart attack, abnormal heart rhythms are a common reason that the heart cannot pump adequately. Abnormal heart rhythms originating in the ventricles (ventricular arrhythmias) may greatly interfere with the heart's pumping ability or may cause the heart to stop pumping effectively (cardiac arrest). A loss of consciousness or death can result. Sometimes loss of consciousness is the first symptom of a heart attack.

During a heart attack, a person may become restless, sweaty, and anxious and may experience a sense of impending doom. The lips, hands, or feet may turn slightly blue.

Older people may have unusual symptoms. In many, the most obvious symptom is breathlessness. Symptoms may resemble those of a stomach upset or a stroke. Older people may become disoriented. Nonetheless, about two thirds of older people have chest pain as do younger people. Older people, especially women, often take longer than younger people to admit they are ill or to seek medical help.

Despite all the possible symptoms, as many as one of five people who have a heart attack have only mild symptoms or none at all. Such a silent heart attack may be recognized only when electrocardiography (ECG) is routinely performed some time afterward.

During the early hours of a heart attack, heart murmurs and other abnormal heart sounds may be heard through a stethoscope.

### Complications

The heart's ability to keep pumping after a heart attack is directly related to the extent and location of the damaged or dead tissue. Dead tissue is eventually replaced by scar tissue, which does not contract. Because each coronary artery supplies a specific area of the heart, the location of the damage is determined by which artery is blocked. If more than half of the heart tissue is damaged or dies, the heart generally cannot function, and severe disability or death is likely. Even when damage is less extensive, the heart may be unable to pump adequately, resulting in heart

▲ see page 202

see page 203



### **3lood Clots**

In about 40 to 50% of peoble who have had a heart atack, clots form in arteries supplying the heart, over the area of dead heart muscle. In up to 5% of these people, parts of the clots break off, ravel through the bloodstream, and lodge in smaller plood vessels throughout the ody. They may block the plood supply to part of the orain (causing a stroke) or to other organs. Echocardiograby may be performed to deect clots forming in the heart or to determine whether a person has factors that make :lots more likely to form. For example, an area of the left rentricle may not be beating is well as it should. Doctors often prescribe anticoaguants such as heparin and varfarin to help prevent clot ormation. Heparin is given ntravenously in the hospital or at least 2 days. Then, if he heart attack was massive or if areas of the heart are not peating well, warfarin is given by mouth. It is usually aken for 3 to 6 months after ı heart attack. Aspirin, once tarted, should be taken inlefinitely if possible.

### leart Failure

In a heart attack, part of the leart muscle dies. Consequently, there is less muscle o pump blood. If enough nuscle dies, the heart's umping ability may be so educed that the heart cannot meet the body's need for lood and oxygen, and heart ailure develops.

failure or shock. The damaged heart may enlarge, partly to compensate for the decrease in pumping ability (a larger heart beats more forcefully). Enlargement of the heart makes abnormal heart rhythms more likely.

Pericarditis (inflammation of the membranes enveloping the heart) may develop in the first day or two after a heart attack or about 10 days to 2 months later. Symptoms of early developing pericarditis are seldom noticed, because symptoms of the heart attack are more prominent. However, pericarditis produces a scratchy rhythmic sound that can sometimes be heard through a stethoscope 2 to 3 days after a heart attack. Later developing pericarditis is usually called Dressler's (post-myocardial infarction) syndrome. This syndrome causes fever, pericardial effusion lextra fluid in the space between the two layers of the pericardium), pleurisy (inflammation of the pleura, which are the membranes covering the lungs), pleural effusion (extra fluid in the space between the two layers of the pleura), and joint pain.

Other complications after a heart attack include rupture of the heart muscle, a bulge in the wall of the ventricle (ventricular aneurysm), blood clots (emboli), and low blood pressure (hypotension). Nervousness and depression are common after a heart attack. Depression after a heart attack may be significant and may persist.

# Diagnosis

Whenever a man over age 35 or a woman over age 50 reports chest pain, doctors usually consider the possibility of a heart attack. But several other conditions can produce similar pain: pneumonia, a blood clot in the lung (pulmonary embolism), pericarditis, a rib fracture, spasm of the esophagus, indigestion, or chest muscle tenderness after injury or exertion.

Electrocardiography (ECG) and certain blood tests can usually confirm the diagnosis of a heart attack within a few hours.

ECG is the most important initial diagnostic procedure when doctors suspect a heart attack. This procedure provides a graphic representation of the electrical current producing each heartbeat—the electrocardiogram (the ECG). In many instances, it immediately shows that a person is having a heart attack. Several abnormalities may be detected by ECG, depending mainly on the size and location of the heart muscle damage. If a person has had previous heart problems, which can

alter the ECG, the current muscle damage may be harder for doctors to detect. Such people should carry a small copy of their ECG in their wallets, so that if they have symptoms of a heart attack, doctors can compare the previous ECG with the current ECG. If a few ECGs recorded over several hours are normal, doctors consider a heart attack unlikely.

Measuring levels of certain substances (called serum markers) in the blood also helps doctors diagnose a heart attack. The presence of these substances in the blood indicates damage to or death of heart muscle. These substances are normally found in heart muscle but are released into the bloodstream when heart muscle is damaged. Most commonly measured is an enzyme called CK-MB. Levels in the blood are elevated within 6 hours of a heart attack and remain elevated for 36 to 48 hours. Levels of CK-MB are usually checked when the person is admitted to the hospital and at 6- to 8-hour intervals for the next 24hours. However, two proteins called troponin T and troponin I may be more specific markers for damage to the heart. These proteins are involved in muscle contraction and are released into the bloodstream when cells are damaged.

When ECG and serum marker measurements do not provide enough information, echocardiography or radionuclide imaging may be performed. Echocardiography may show reduced motion in part of the wall of the left ventricle (the heart chamber that pumps blood to the body). This finding suggests damage due to a heart attack. Radionuclide imaging may show a persistent reduction in blood flow to an area of the heart muscle, suggesting scar tissue due to a heart attack.

Dressler's syndrome (pericarditis that develops 10 days to 2 months after a heart attack) is diagnosed based on the symptoms it produces and on the time it occurs.

# Treatment\_

A heart attack is a medical emergency. Half of deaths due to a heart attack occur in the first 3 or 4 hours after symptoms begin. The sooner treatment begins, the better the chances of survival. Anyone having symptoms that might indicate a heart attack should obtain prompt medical attention. Prompt transportation to a hospital's emergency department by an ambulance with trained personnel may save the person's life. Trying to contact

▲ see page 122

EX. E

St. Mary Corwin Hospital

PT: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S

DOB: 07/28/1973, 43, M UNIT #: MM00690603 REPORT #: 0224-1452 ADM: 02/22/17 1037

LOC: MC2WEST2 MC2507-1 (DIS IN) ACCOUNT #: MA0001030130

Bhattarai, Shiva MD

DISCHARGE SUMMARY

Signed

13008-040

DATE OF ADMISSION: 02/22/2017 DATE OF DISCHARGE: 02/24/2017

REASON FOR ADMISSION: Chest pain.

PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN: Florence prison physician.

# PRIMARY DISCHARGE DIAGNOSES:

- Acute coronary artery disease with total occluded circumflex coronary artery, status post PCI.
- 2. Non-ST-elevation myocardial infarction.
- 3. Hyperlipidemia.

CONSULTS: Cardiology, Dr. Gibson.

PROCEDURE: Cardiac catheterization on February 23, 2017 showing 100% occlusion of circumflex coronary artery which was open with drug-eluting stent.

LABS AND IMAGING: WBC 6.0, hemoglobin 15.5, platelets 209 with no segments and bands. Sodium 141, potassium 3.7, bloarb 23, creatinine 1.03. Hemoglobin A1c 6.1. Troponin 1.4, trending up to 4.8. LDL 145. INR not done.

HOSPITAL COURSE: Mr. Domenech is a 43-year-old male from Florence, inmate, who was sent initially to St. Thomas More from his prison when he was found lying on the floor confused and complaining of chest pain. The patient was found to have elevated troponin of 0.2, which is when patient was transferred to our hospital for further management and cardiology consultation. The patient was admitted in telemetry. Urine drug screen was negative and EKG showed no acute ST elevation or depression. Troponin was increased from 0.2 to 1.4 and 4.8 overnight when Cardiology was consulted and patient was taken for cardiac catheterization and found to have total occlusion of circumflex coronary artery and was open with drug-eluting

FACILITY: MC

FU

Signed
DISCHARGE SUMMARY

Physician Copy Page 1 of 2

EX. F

Case 1:18-cv-01502-CMA-NYW Document 22 Filed 10/31/18 USDC Colorado Page 35 of 58 02/25/17 13:41 If received in error, please notify 866-604-1234 and destroy original. Page 2

PT: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S REPORT #: 0224-1452

ACCOUNT #: MA0001030130 UNIT #: MM00690603

stent. Post stenting, patient remained stable on aspirin, Plavix, metoprolol, and statin. Patient did not have any events on telemetry overnight. Remained stable and tolerating oral diet, and was discharged back to Florence Federal Hospital today.

13008 -040

# **DISCHARGE MEDICATIONS:**

- 1. Aspirin 81 daily.
- 2. Atorvastatin 80 at h.s.
- 3. Plavix 75 daily.
- 4. Lisinopril 5 daily.
- 5. Metoprolol 12.5 p.o. b.i.d.

FOLLOWUP: Cardiology with Dr. Gibson in 1 month, and PCP in 7 days.

I spent 35 minutes in discussion and discharge of the patient.

MEDQ-UW/JOB#597429/732690362

DICTATED BY: Bhattarai, Shiva MD

CO-SIGNER:

ELECTRONICALLY SIGNED BY: Bhattarai, Shiva MD

ELECTRONICALLY CO-SIGNED BY:

ITS DELIVERY DATE/TIME: 02/24/17 1830

D: 02/24/17 1738 T: 02/24/17 1820 ZZZ

S: 02/25/17 1340

S:

**DISTRIBUTION LIST:** 

BHATSH - Shiva Bhattarai MD

GIBSGE - George Douglas Gibson MD

REFEUN - Unknown Referring

xAMERCOHC - Healthcare xAmerican Correctional

\*\*END\*\*

FACILITY: MC

W

Signed DISCHARGE SUMMARY

Physician Copy Page 2 of 2

EX. F

RUN DATE: 02/23/17 RUN TIME: 0327 LAB \*LIVE\*

\*\*\*Summary Discharge Report - Do not Destroy\*\*\*

PAGE 1

# LOCATION

PATIENT: TOMENECH ALEJAN	H 1	ACCT: TA0000465 AGE/SX: 43/M	ROOM:	U: TM00198964 REG: 02/22/17
REG DR: Lins, Robert Dea	n Jr ĐO	STATUS: REG ER	BED:	DIS:
	•	*** HENATOLOGY ***		
Date Time	FEB 22 0925		Reference	Units
=> WHITE BLOOD COUNT => RBC => HEMOGLOBIN => HEMATOCRIT => PLATELET COUNT => MCV => MCH => MCHC => RDW => MPV => NEUTROPHILS # => LYMPHOCYTES # => EOSINOPHILS # => BASOPHILS # => NEUTROPHILS # => HOUTROPHILS # => BASOPHILS # => BASOPHILS % => LYMPHOCYTES % => BASOPHILS % => BASOPHILS % => BASOPHILS %	7.4   5.23   16.6   44.3   218   85   31.7   37.5   H   12.1   9.8   4.7   2.0   0.6   0.1   0.0   64   27   8   1   0	URINALYSIS ***	(4.0-9.6)   (4.40-5.89)   (13.9-17.4)   (40.6-50.3)   (150-400)   (81-99)   (26.7-34.1)   (31.0-36.1)   (11.7-14.6)     (1.7-6.4)   (1.1-3.5)   (0.3-0.9)   (0.0-0.6)   (0.0-0.1)	1000/uL mil/uL g/dl % 1000/uL fl pg g/dL % fl 1000/uL 1000/uL 1000/uL 1000/uL 1000/uL % % % % % % % %
Date 02/22/ Time 1141			Reference	e Units
APPEARANCE CI COLOR Yellow PH UR SPEC GRAV UR (1. UR GLU (ua) Negat BLOOD, URINE Negat KETO UR Negat PROTEIN UR Negat BILIRUBIN UR Negat UROBILINOGEN LEUK ESTERASE UN Negat NITRITE UR Negat NOTES: (a) Normal refer	5.5	and DK.YELLOW	[Clear]   [5.0-8.0]   [41.030]   [Negative   Negative   Negative	]]  [7e] mg/dL  [7e] mg/dL  [7e] mg/dL  [7e] mg/dL  [7e] mg/dL
Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJAND	ORO S	Age/Sex: 43/M	AcctTA0000465869	UnitTM00198964 ::

RUN DATE: 02/23/17

LAB \*LIVE\*

PAGE 2

RUN TIME: 0327

\*\*\*Summary Discharge Report - Do not Destroy\*\*\*

# LOCATION

Date   FEB 22   Time   FEB 22   Time   Units	Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJAND	RO S	TA0000465869	(Continued)		
Time 0925 Reference Units    SODIUM		•	*** CHEMISTRY ***			
=> POTASSIUM   4.6   (3.5-5.1) mmol/L   => CHLORIDE   106   (36-111) mmol/L   => CARBON DIOXIDE   27   (20-30) mmol/L   => ANION GAP   14(b)   (6-18)   (6-24)   mg/dL   => BLOOD UREA NITROGEN   9   (6-24)   mg/dL   => CREATININE   1.11   (0.65-1.36) mg/dL   => BUN/CREATININE RATIO   8   (6-25)   => CALCIUM   9.2   (8.3-10.1) mg/dL   => BILIRUBIN, TOTAL   1.0   (0.2-1.2) mg/dL   => AST/SGOT   29   (7-37) U/L   => ATT/SGOT   30   (12-78) U/L   => ATT/SGOT   30   (12-78) U/L   => ATT/SGOT   3.3   (3.4-5.3) g/dL   => ATDUMIN   3.9   (3.4-5.3) g/dL   => ALBUMIN   3.9   (3.4-5.3) g/dL   => ALBUMIN   (20-125) U/L   => ALBUMIN GLOBULIN RATI   1.1   (0.8-2.0)   => ALBUMIN GLOBULIN RATI   1.1   (0.8-2.0)   => ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE   53   (20-125) U/L   => TROPONIN I   0.265 H   (7.3-393) U/L    Date   02/22/17   Time   1141   Reference   INONE DETECT]   BARB SCRN UR   NONE DETECTED(e)   [NONE DETECT]   BENZ SCRN UR   NONE DETECTED(e)   [NONE DETECT]   BENZ SCRN UR   NONE DETECTED(e)   [NONE DETECT]   BOTAS   CFR results <60 for 3 months or longer: Chronic Kidney   Disease   GFR results <15 : Kidney Failure   For African Americans, multiply the GFR result by 1.159				Reference	Units	
Date 02/22/17 Time 1141 Reference Units  AMP SCRN UR   NONE DETECTED(d)   [NONE DETECT] BARB SCRN UR   NONE DETECTED(e)   [NONE DETECT] BENZ SCRN UR   NONE DETECTED(f)   [NONE DETECT]  NOTES: (b) Anion gap = (Na+K)-(C1+CO2) (c) units = mL/min/1.73 m2 GFR results <60 for 3 months or longer: Chronic Kidney Disease GFR result <15: Kidney Failure For African Americans, multiply the GFR result by 1.159	=> POTASSIUM => CHLORIDE => CARBON DIOXIDE => ANION GAP => BLOOD UREA NITROGEN => CREATININE => BUN/CREATININE RATIO => GLUCOSE => CALCIUM => BILIRUBIN, TOTAL => AST/SGOT => ALT/SGPT => PROTEIN, TOTAL BLOOD => ALBUMIN => GLOBULIN [CALCULATED] => ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATI  => ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE => TROPONIN I	4.6 106 27 14(b) 9 1.11 8 81(c) 118 H 9.2 1.0 29 30 7.6 3.9 3.7 1.1 53 0.265 H		(3.5-5.1)   (96-111)   (20-30)   (6-18)   (6-24)   (0.65-1.36)   (6-25)     (70-99)   (8.3-10.1)   (0.2-1.2)   (7-37)   (12-78)   (6.4-8.2)   (3.4-5.3)   (2.2-4.2)   (0.8-2.0)   (20-125)   (<0.046)	mmol/L mmol/L mmol/L mg/dL mg/dL mg/dL mg/dL U/L U/L g/dL g/dL g/dL g/dL y/dL	
MP SCRN UR   NONE DETECTED(d)   [NONE DETECT]  ARB SCRN UR   NONE DETECTED(e)   [NONE DETECT]  ENZ SCRN UR   NONE DETECTED(f)   [NONE DETECT]  OTES: (b) Anion gap = (Na+K)-(C1+CO2)  (c) units = mL/min/1.73 m2  GFR results <60 for 3 months or longer: Chronic Kidney  Disease  GFR result <15 : Kidney Failure  For African Americans, multiply the GFR result by 1.159	,	•	** TOXICOLOGY ***	, (		
BARB SCRN UR   NONE DETECTED(e)   [NONE DETECT]  BENZ SCRN UR   NONE DETECTED(f)   [NONE DETECT]  SOTES: (b) Anion gap = (Na+K)-(C1+CO2)  (c) units = mL/min/1.73 m2  GFR results <60 for 3 months or longer: Chronic Kidney  Disease  GFR result <15 : Kidney Failure  For African Americans, multiply the GFR result by 1.159				Reference Uni	ts	
(c) units = mL/min/1.73 m2  GFR results <60 for 3 months or longer: Chronic Kidney  Disease  GFR result <15 : Kidney Failure  For African Americans, multiply the GFR result by 1.159	BARB SCRN UR   NONE DETECTED(e)   [NONE DETECT]					
<ul> <li>(d) Threshold Level (1000 ng/mL)         Unconfirmed, must not be used for non-medical purposes</li> <li>(e) Threshold Level (200 ng/mL)         Unconfirmed, must not be used for non-medical purposes</li> <li>(f) Threshold Level (200 ng/mL)         Unconfirmed, must not be used for non-medical purposes</li> </ul>						



RUN DATE: 02/23/17

LAB \*LIVE\*

PAGE 3

RUN TIME: 0327

\*\*\*Summary Discharge Report - Do not Destroy\*\*\*

### LOCATION

Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S	TA0000465869	(Continued)					
	*** CHEMISTRY (continued)	) ***					
	TOXICOLOGY (continued)						
Date 02/22/17 Time 1141		Reference Units					
THC SCRN UR   NONE DETECTED() COCAINE SCRN UR NONE DETECTED() OPIATE UR SCRN   NONE DETECTED()	i) į	[NONE DETECT]   [NONE DETECT]   [NONE DETECT]					
Test Day Date	Time Result Refe	erence Units					
=> IMM GRANULOCYTE 1 FEB 22 => IMMATURE GRANUL 1 FEB 22 => VERIFY DIFF 1 FEB 22 => ECSTASY (MDMA) 1 FEB 22	0925	10) 1000/uL % NE DETECT)					
<ul> <li>(h) Threshold Level (3</li></ul>	not be used for non-media 00 ng/mL) not be used for non-media 00 ng/mL) not be used for non-media	cal purposés					

Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S Age/Sex: 43/M AcctTA0000465869 UnitTM00198964

EX. G

DATE: 02/24/17 @0214 USER: AMEIGS EDM \*LIVE\* SOUTH

ED Provider: Lins, Robert Dean Jr DO

EDM.PAT.print.patient.rpt.portrait

ED Transfer Report

PAGE 1

Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S

Age/Sex: 43/M

Acct No: TA0000465869

Unit No: TM00198964

Patient Demographic

PO BOX 10269

JACKSONVILLE, FL 32247

(855)292-9526

Insurance: AMERICAN CORRECTIONAL FLORENCE

PCP: American Correctional Hithcare

Provider Group:

Next of Kin: HEALTHCARE, AMERICAN CORRECTION

Family Doctor:

Relation: WARD OF COURT

Referring: American Correctional Hithcare

Phone: (855)292-9526

Summary Information

ED Physician: Lins, Robert Dean Jr DO

Arrival Date/Time: 02/22/17 - 0914

Practitioner:

Triage Date/Time: 02/22/17 - 0914

Date of Birth: 07/28/1973

Nurse: CHRISTIE N MULL, RN

Stated Complaint: AMS

Chief Complaint: Chest Pain

Priority/Severity: 2/9

Past Medical, Surg. Social Hx

02/22/17 0954 ED History

Informant Patient; Headaches Y

CHRISTIE N MULL, RN

Vital: Signs

Date/Time	BP Systolic	<b>BP</b> Diastolic	Pulse Rate	Respiratory Rate	User ,	
02/22/17 0914		89	68		CMULL,	RN
02/22/17 1000		88	68		CMULL,	RN
02/22/17 1030		79	74.		CMULL,	RN
02/22/17 1100	133	85	68		CMULL,	RN

	Pulse Oximetry	User	
02/22/17 0914		CMULL,	RN
02/22/17, 1000	95 .	CMULL,	RN
02/22/17 1030	100	CMULL,	RN
02/22/17 1100	96	CMULL,	RN

		(Fahrenheit)	Temperature	(Calculated	Celsius)	User	
02/22/17 0914	97 2		36.23			CMULL,	RN

Allergies

No Known Allergies

Triage

02/22/17 0914 ED Ambulance Triage Assessment

CHRISTIE N MULL, RN

Ambulance Form:

Ambulance/Helicopter Arrival + Yes

Transporting Agency Am Med Response

Pre-Hospital Vital Signs:

PTA Pulse Rate 67

PTA BP Systolic 135

PTA BP Diastolic 85

Patient: DOMENECH ALEJANDRO S

DATE:02/24/17 @0214 USER: AMEIGS EDM \*LIVE\* SOUTH PAGE 2
EDM.PAT.print.patient.rpt.portrait ED Transfer Report

Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S Age/Sex: 43/M Acct No: TA0000465869
ED Provider: Lins: Robert Dean Jr DO Unit No: TM00198964

PTA Pulse OX 95

PTA Oxygen Delivery Room Air

Patient Presented to ED:

Triage Assessment PT TO ED SENT FROM USP; THEY WERE REPORTING THE PATIENT-PRESENTED WITH CONFUSION AROUND 0430 THIS AM \ FACILITY REPORTS THEY WOULD LIKE HIM \ TESTED FOR K2 INGESTION PT DENIES INGESTING ANY DRUGS OTHER THAN PRESCRIPTION. FACILITY WAS NOTIFIED WE DONT HAVE CAPABILITY FOR K2 TESTING. PT'ON ARRIVAL C/O STERNAL CP THAT HAPPENED THIS AM FOR A FEW SECONDS, HE ALSO REPORTS IT HAPPENED YESTERDAY.

Chief Complaint Chest Pain Priority URGENT/PROMPT

Emerging Illnesses:

ED Vital Signs:

Temperature (Fahrenheit) 97.2

Temperature (Calculated Celsius) 36.23

Púlse Rate 68 BP Systolic 142

BP Diastolic 89

BP Mean 106

Pain Scale 1

Pain Scale Used 0-10

Glasgov Coma Scale:

Best Eye Opening Spontaneous Best Verbal Response Oriented

Best Motor Response Obeys Commands

Glasgow Coma Scale Total 15

Oxygen:

02 Sat by Pulse Oximetry 99

Oxygen Delivery Method Room Air

<u> Height:</u>

Height (Feet) 5

Height (Inches) 10

Height (Calculated Centimeters) 177.800000

ED Height Type Estimated

Veight:

Weight (lbs) 190

Weight (Calculated Kilograms) 86.182551

Veight Type. Stated

Psychosocial:

Danger to Self, Denies Danger to Others Denies

Initial Assessment

# 02/22/17 0954 ED Initial Assessment

CHRISTIE N MOLL, RN

Skin Assessment:

Skin-VEP Yes

Neurologic Assessment:

Neurologic-VEP Yes

Cardiac Assessment:

Cardiac-VEP-No

Cardiac Monitor + Yes

Onset Date 02/21/17

Location:

Chest Pain Location Sternal

Radiation:

Patient: DOMENECH ALEJANDRO S

EX. G

DATE:02/24/17 @0214 USER: AMEIGS EDM \*LIVE\* SOUTH PAGE 3
EDM.PAT.print.patient.rpt.portrait ED Transfer Report

Patient: DOMENECH: ALEJANDRO S Age/Sex: 43/M Acct No: TA0000465869
ED Provider: Lins Robert Dean Jr DO Unit No: TM00198964

Radiation None
Characteristics:
Describe Pain Sharp
Activity/Symptoms:

Activity when pain started At rest

Cardiac Rhythm Sinus Rhythm Capillary Réfill Less than 2 sec Rt Lower Ext Edema CMS Intact yes Lt Lower Ext Edema CMS Intact yes

Next Next

Respiratory Assessment:

Respiratory-WEP Yes

Gastrointestinal Assessment:

Gastrointestinal-WEP Yes

Genitourinary Assessment:

Genitourinary-WEP N/A

OB/GYN Assessment:

OB/GYN-WEP N/A

EENT Assessment: EENT-VEP N/A

Vound:

Wound Problem N/A

<u>Musculoskeletal Assessment:</u>

Musculoskeletal-WEP. N/A

Psychological Assessment:

Psychological Problem No

<u>Cultural Concerns Interventions:</u>

Cultural Concerns Assessment No Concerns Identified

Psychosocial Assessment:

Affect Normal

Eye Contact. Y

Feelings of Helplessness, Hopelessness or Depression Denies

Danger to Self (Validated Through Assessment) Denies

Danger to Others (Validated Through Assessment) Denies

Support System .USP

Barriers None

Learning Method Talking

Nursing Diagnosis, Alteration in: Coping, Cardiac Output

ED Safety & Orientation All

# Assessments

02/22/17 0954 ED Fall Risk

CHRISTIE N MULL, RN

Fall Risk Screen: Able to Complete Assessment Yes; Presented to ED because of Fall N; Patient over 70 yrs old N; Male Child less than 12 years old N; Altered Mental Status N; Ambulates or Transfers with Assistive Devices or Assistance N; Fall Risk Level:

Fall Risk Level - Low; Fall Preventative Measures-All Patients:

Orient Patient/Family to Surroundings Y; Keep Call Light Within Reach Y;

Keep Bed in low position and locked Y; Keep Bedrails Up Y;

Keep Personal Patient Items Placed Within Reach Y; Provide Non Slip Footware

Patient's Own Footwear; Addl Precautions for High Risk Patients:

High Fall Risk Band Applied N

02/22/17 0954 ED History

CHRISTIE N MULL, RN

History Informant: Informant Patient; Past Medical History: Headaches Y

Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S

EX. G

1 :

DATE:02/24/17 @0214 USER: AMEIGS EDM \*LIVE\* SOUTH PAGE 4 EDM.PAT.print.patient.rpt.portrait ED Transfer Report Acct No: TA0000465869 Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S Age/Sex: 43/M Unit No: TM00198964 ED Provider: Lins, Robert Dean Jr DO 02/22/17 0954 ED Obstructive Sleep Appea CHRISTIE N MULL, RN OSA Screening: i Diagnosed with Sleep Apnea by Sleep Study N; S Do You Snore Loudly?Louder than Talking or Heard thru Door N; T Do you often feel tired, fatigued, or sleepy during day N; O Has anyone observed you stop breathing during sleep N; P Do you have/are you being treated for high blood pressure N; i OSA Risk Status Neg Screen (Low Risk) 02/22/17 1000 ED Vital Signs/Monitor CHRISTIE N MULL, RN Pain Assessment; Reassessment Done + Yes; Pulse / Respirations / Blood Pressure: Pulse Source Pulse 0x; Pulse Rate 68; BP Systolic 126; BP Diastolic 88; BP Mean 101; Oxygen: Pulse Oximetry 95; Oxygen Delivery Room Air CHRISTIE N MULL, RN 02/22/17 1030 ED Vital Signs/Monitor Pain Assessment: Reassessment Done + Yes; Pulse / Respirations / Blood Pressure: Pulse Source Pulse 0x; Pulse Rate 74; BP Systolic 152; BP Diastolic 79; BP Mean 103; Oxygen: Pulse Oximetry 100; Oxygen Delivery Room Air 02/22/17 1100 ED Vital Signs/Monitor CHRISTIE N MULL, RN Pain Assessment: Reassessment Done + Yes; Pulse / Respirations / Blood Pressure: Pulse Source Pulse 0x; Pulse Rate 68; BP Systolic 133; BP Diastolic 85; BP Mean 101; Oxygen: Pulse Oximetry 96; Oxygen Delivery Room Air Treatments 02/22/17 0927 EKG CATHERINE F SCHLESINGER Emergency Dept - EKG: EKG Done by ED Staff No Physician Notified Y Respiratory Therapy - EKG: EKG by Respiratory EKG (Patient charge) 02/22/17 0954 ED Height & Veight CHRISTIE N MULL, RN HT & WT: Ht & Wt Previously Completed Y CHRISTIE N MULL, RN 02/22/17 0954 ED Medication History Done <u>Medication History:</u> ED Med History Done Yes Source of Information Patient 02/22/17 0954 CARDIAC MONITORING CHRISTIE N MULL, RN Pain Assessment: Reassessment Done + Yes 02/22/17 0954 IV SALINE LOCK RAINBOW CHRISTIE N MULL, RN 02/22/17 0954 OXYGEN ORDERS CHRISTIE N MULL, RN CHRISTIE N MULL, RN 02/22/17 0954 PULSE OXIMETRY 02/22/17 1012 ED Consult Calls AARON T MEIGS Consult Call: Staff Placed Consult Call - Specialty MD Consulting Physician Name LINS Physician Consulted BHATTARAI Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S

EX G

DATE: 02/24/17 @0214 USER: AMEIGS EDM \*LIVE\* SOUTH PAGE 5
EDM.PAT.print.patient.rpt.portrait ED Transfer Report;

Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S Age/Sex: 43/M Acct No: TA0000465869
ED Provider: Lins Robert Dean Jr DO Unit No: TM00198964

Time Physician Responded 1012

Time call placed to appropriate Agency 1012

Consult call Comment 866-919-9990

# 02/22/17 1100 ED Transfer Out of Facility

CHRISTIE N MULL, RN

IV Therapy on Transfer:

Saline Lock Only + Yes

IV Infusion(s) CONTINUED on Admit/Transfer N

Final IV Site Observation Patent/Intact, Line Secured, Not Swollen, Drsg Dry/Inplace, No Redness

Vital Signs:

Pulse Rate 68

Respiratory Rate 16

Pulse Oximetry 96

Oxygen Delivery Room Air

BP Systolic 105

BP Diastolic 96

BP Mean 99

Pain 0

Pain Scale Used 0-10

Transfer Out of Facility:

Departure Date 02/22/17

Sending Facility St Thomas More ED

Accompanied by EMT, Paramedic

Transferred To ST MARY CORWIN

Transferred by AMR

EMTALA Forms + Yes

Report Given to: AMANDA THOMAS RN

Time of Report 1100

Belongings:

Document Belongings? With Patient

#### 02/22/17 1125 ##Acuity Sheet##

CHRISTIE N MULL, RN

TOTAL OF ACUITY POINTS:

Subtotal Of 1pt Acuity Charges 1

Subtotal Assessment/Discharge Functions 2pts 10

GRAND TOTAL 11

ED CATEGORY CHARGE LEVEL-EMERG DEPT ONLY:

Acuity Level FIVE 8+ Points

Special Needs 1pt:

Staff Placed Consult Call - Specialty MD

Fall Risk Level - Low

Assessment/Discharge Functions 2pt:

Cardiac Monitor + Yes

Reassessment Done + Yes

Ambulance/Helicopter Arrival + Yes

EMTALA Forms + Yes

Saline Lock Only + Yes

### 02/22/17 1125 ED Feed Patient

CHRISTIE N MULL, RN

Food and Fluids:

Fluids Given Water

Tolerated Fluids Passed PO

02/22/17 1144 ED Specimen Collection

Specimen Obtained:

Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S

CHRISTIE N MULL, RN

EX. G

DATE:02/24/17 @0214 USER: AMEIGS EDM \*LIVE\* SOUTH PAGE 6
EDM.PAT.print.patient.rpt.portrait ED Transfer Report

Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S Age/Sex: 43/M Acct No: TA0000465869
ED Provider: Lins, Robert Dean Jr DO Unit No: TM00198964

Specimen Collected and Label w/ Pt. ID+ Yes
Type of Specimen Collected URINE

# Patient Notes

Entered by AARON T MEIGS on 02/22/17 at 1056

SPOKE WITH SHAWNA AT AMR TO ARRANGE TRANSFER. ETA WITHIN 30 MINS.

#### Patient Procedure Orders

Ordered	Procedure Name	Ordering Provider	E-Signed
02/22/17 092	21 ED Pulse Ox	Lins, Robert Dean Jr DO	Yes
02/22/17 092	21 ED Oxygen Orders	Lins,Robert Dean Jr DO	Yes :
02/22/17 092	21 ED Cardiac Monitor	Lins,Robert Dean Jr DO	Yes
02/22/17 092	21 ED IV Saline Lock Rainbow	Lins, Robert Dean Jr DO	Yes
02/22/17 092	21 CBC Diff reflex to Manual Diff	Lins,Robert Dean Jr DO	Yes
02/22/17 092	21 Comp Metabolic Panel CMP	Lins,Robert Dean Jr DO	Yes
02/22/17 092	21 Troponin I	Lins,Robert Dean Jr DO	Yes
02/22/17 092	21 Lipase	Lins, Robert Dean Jr DO	.Yes
02/22/17 092	21 DX Chest 1v Portable AP CXR	Lins,Robert Dean Jr DO	Yes -
02/22/17 092	21 EKG Electrocardiogram	Lins, Robert Dean Jr DO	Yes
02/22/17 092	21 Urinalysis Rflx Microscopic UA	Lins,Robert Dean Jr DO	Yes
02/22/17 092	21 Drug Screen Urine Tox Utox	Lins Robert Dean Jr DO	Yes
02/22/17 102	21 ED Transfer Request	Lins,Robert Dean Jr DO	Yes
Į.			

# Lab Results

### \*\*\* HEMATOLOGY \*\*\*

Test	Date	Time	Result	Reference	Units
WBC	02/22/17	0925	7.4	[4.0-9.6]	1000/uL
RBC	02/22/17	0925	5.23	[4.40-5.89]	mil/uL
HGB	02/22/17	0925	16.6	[13.9-17.4]	g/dl
HCT ·	02/22/17	0925	44.3	[40.6-50.3]	%
PLATELET	02/22/17	0925	218	[150-400]	1000/uL
MCA	02/22/17	0925	85	[81-99]	fl
MCH	02/22/17	0925	31.7	[26.7-34.1]	pg
MCHC	02/22/17	0925	37.5 H	[31.0-36.1]	g/dL
RDW	02/22/17	0925	12.1	[11.7-14.6]	%
MPV	02/22/17	0925	9.8	-	fl
NEUTRO #	02/22/17	0925	4.7	[1.7-6.4]	1000/uL
LYMPHS #	02/22/17	0925	2.0	[1.1-3.5]	1000/uL
MONOS #	02/22/17	0925	0.6	[0.3-0.9]	1000/uL
.EOS #	02/22/17	0925	0.1	[0.0-0.6]	1000/uL
BASOS #	02/22/17	0925	0.0	[0.0-0.1]	1000/uL
NEUTRO %	02/22/17	0925	64	•	%
LYMPHS %	02/22/17	0925	. 27		%
MONOS %	02/22/17	0925	8		%
EOS %	02/22/17	0925	1		%
BASOS %	02/22/17	0925	. 0		%

. . .

Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S

ALEJAN	Time  11:41A 11:41A 11:41A 11:41A		Age/Sex:  Result  VOIDER Clear	43/M t Reference		TA0000465869 TM00198964
Robert  22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17	Time  11:41A 11:41A 11:41A 11:41A 11:41A 11:41A	DÖ	Result VOIDEI	t Reference	Unit No:	
22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17	11:41A 11:41A 11:41A 11:41A 11:41A 11:41A		VOIDEI		Units	<u> </u>
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22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17	11:41A 11:41A 11:41A				,	
22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17	11:41A 11:41A		Yellow(a)			
22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17	11:41A		5.9 41.00			
22/17 22/17 22/17 22/17			Negative		mg/dL	
22/17 22/17 22/17	77 · A1A		Negative		mg/ dr	
′22/17 ′22 <mark>/1</mark> 7	11:41A 11:41A		Negative		mg/dL	
22/17	11:41A		Negative		mg/dL	
			Negative			
44/1/	11:41A		0.3		mg/dL	
22/17	11:41A		Negative			,
22/17	11:41A		Negative			
e	Time		Result	Reference	Units	
22/17	0925		143	[136-145]	mmol/L	
22/17	0925		4.6	[3.5-5.1]	mmol/L	
22/17	0925		106	[96-111]	mmol/L	
22/17	0925		27	[20-30]	mmol/L	
/22/17	0925		14(b)	[6-18]		
/22/17	0925		9	[6-24]	mg/dL	
/22/17	0925		1,11	[0.65-1.36]	mg/dL	
22/17	0925		8	[6-25]		
/22/17	0925		81(c)		<b>/JT</b>	
/22/17	0925			H [70-99]	mg/dL	
/22/17	0925		9.2 1.0	[8.3-10.1]	mg/dL	
/22/17 /22/17	0925 0925		29	[0.2-1.2] [7-37]	mg/dL U/L	
22/17			30	[12-78]	U/L	
22/17			7.6	[6.4-8.2]	g/dL	
22/17			3.9	[3.4-5.3]	g/dL	
22/17			3.7	[2.2-4.2]	g/dL	
/22/17			1.1	[0.8-2.0]	_	
/22/17			53		U/L	
/22/17	0925		0.265	[<0.046] تي H	ng/mL	
/22/17	0925		124	[73-393]	, A\rangle I	
al refe	erence ra	nge ·				
			W, and DK.YELLOW			•
n gap =	= (Na+K)-	(C1+0				J.
	/min/1.73	m 2	·			
	s < 60 for	3 m	onths or longer	: Chronic Kidney	,	
resulta ase					_	
results ase result				R result by 1.15	59	
results ase result Africar	ed is CKD	-EPI	equation.	•		
results ase result Africar	•					
	= mL esults se esult frica	= mL/min/1.73 esults <60 for se esult <15 : Ki frican America	= mL/min/1.73 m2 esults <60 for 3 mose esult <15 : Kidney frican Americans, n	esults <60 for 3 months or longer se esult <15 : Kidney Failure	= mL/min/1.73 m2 esults <60 for 3 months or longer: Chronic Kidney se esult <15 : Kidney Failure frican Americans, multiply the GFR result by 1.15	gap = (Na+K)-(C1+CO2) = mL/min/1.73 m2 esults <60 for 3 months or longer: Chronic Kidney se esult <15 : Kidney Failure frican Americans, multiply the GFR result by 1.159

Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S

DATE: 02/24/17 @0214 USER: AMEIGS EDM \*LIVE\* SOUTH PAGE 8 Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S Age/Sex: 43/M Acct No: TA0000465869 Unit No: TM00198964 ED Provider: Lins Robert Dean Jr DO \*\*\* TOXICOLOGY \*\*\* Test Date Time Result Reference Units AMP SCRN UR 02/22/17 1141 NONE DETECTED(d)
BARB SCRN UR 02/22/17 1141 NONE DETECTED(e)
BENZ SCRN UR 02/22/17 1141 NONE DETECTED(f)
THC SCRN UR 02/22/17 1141 NONE DETECTED(g)
COCAINE SCRN UR02/22/17 1141 NONE DETECTED(h)
OPIATE UR SCRN 02/22/17 1141 NONE DETECTED(i) [NONE DETECT] [NONE DETECT] [NONE DETECT] [NONE DETECT] [NONE DETECT] [NONE DETECT] Result Test Date Time Reference Units IMM GRAN # 02/22/17 0925 1000/uL 0.01 [<0.10] IMM GRAN % 02/22/17 0925 0.1 02/22/17 0925 VERIFY DIFF Auto diff ECSTASY SCRN UR02/22/17 1141 NONE DETECTED(j) [NONE DETECT] NOTES: (d) Threshold Level (1000 ng/mL) Unconfirmed, must not be used for non-medical purposes Threshold Level (200 ng/mL) (e) Unconfirmed, must not be used for non-medical purposes (f) Threshold Level (200 ng/mL) Unconfirmed, must not be used for non-medical purposes Threshold Level (50 ng/mL) Unconfirmed, must not be used for non-medical purposes Threshold Level (300 ng/mL) (h) Unconfirmed, must not be used for non-medical purposes (i) Threshold Level (300 ng/mL) Unconfirmed, must not be used for non-medical purposes (j) Threshold Level (500 ng/mL) Unconfirmed, must not be used for non-medical purposes Medications Medication Sch Date-Time Ordered Dose Admin Dose Doc Date-Time Given - Reason Site ASPIRIN 81 MG CHEWABLE TABLET (ASPIRIN TAB) CHEV/ONCE/ONE 02/22/17-0920 324 MG 324 MG CHRISTIE N MULL 02/22/17-1007 Y Acknowledgements Ack Date-Time User 02/22/17-0959 CHRISTIE N MULL ENOXAPARIN INJ 100 MG/ML SYRINGE (LOVENOX INJ) .ROUTE/.STK-MED/ONE 02/22/17-1026 100 MG 86 MG 02/22/17-1030 Y SC Injection Sites: CHRISTIE N MULL n de Salata Salata de Salata de Salata Right Abdomen Acknowledgements Ack Date-Time User CHRISTIE N MULL 02/22/17-1030 Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S 

EX. G

DATE: 02/24/17 @0214 USER: AMEIGS EDM \*LIVE\* SOUTH

Acct No: TA0000465869 Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S Age/Sex: 43/M Unit No: TM00198964 ED Provider: Lins, Robert Dean Jr DO

Acknowledgements

**User** Ack Date-Time Doc Date-Time Given - Reason Site User

PROFILE NOTE - LOVENOX 1 MG/KG (LOVENOX INJ 1 MG/KG) SC/Q12H

02/22/17-1055 1 EA 1 EA 02/22/17-1101 Y

CHRISTIE N MULL

ED Staff document Primary IVs in EDM IV Therapy: Yes

Acknowledgements

Ack Date-Time 02/22/17-1101

User

CHRISTIE N MULL

PAGE 9

Departure Information

Primary Impression:

NSTEMI (non-ST elevated myocardial infarction)

Secondary Impressions:

Disposition: 02 XFER ACUTE CARE IP HOSPITAL Departure Date/Time: 02/22/17 - 1112

电电流点

Comment:

Condition: Improved

Referrals:

American Correctional Hithcare

1030 East Highway 377

Ste. 110 #265

Granbury, TX 76048

Phone: (817)932-2627 Fax: (877)596-2244

Pt Instructions: THANK YOU

Additional Instructions:

Departure Forms: Patient Portal Letter

Patient: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S

# St. Thomas More Hospital

Centura Health. EMTALA Transfer Form CHEDM-012 rev. 03/14

Page 1 of 2



DOB 07/28/1973 M/43 02/22/17

I. PAHENI CONSENI IO IKANSFER	
I have been informed of my rights regarding examination, treatm	ient, and transfer.
I acknowledge that my medical condition has been evaluated and be transferred to the service of Dr. 272	
The potential benefits of such transfer, the potential risks assotransferred have been explained to me and I fully understand the	
to be transferred.  Pt retrained/incarcerated.	Chui Rol
Signature of patient or legally responsible individual signing on patient's behalf	Witness
Relationship to Patient	Date and Time
II. PATIENT TRANSFER REQUEST/REFUSAL TO CONSENT	TO FURTHER TREATMENT AT HOSPITAL
I have been informed of my rights regarding examination, treatm	ent, and transfer.
I acknowledge that my medical condition has been evaluated a	
and offered to me further medical examination and treatment a	
such further medical examination and treatment as well as the been explained to me and I fully understand them. Nevertheles	
treatment which has been offered to me at	
Hospital.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Signature of patient or legally responsible individual signing on patient's behalf	Witness
Signature of patient of regally responsible individual significant patient s behalf	vintess .
Relationship to Patient	Date and Time
JII. TRANSFER REFUSAL	<u></u>
I have been informed of my right's regarding examination, treatm	ent, and transfer.
I acknowledge that my medical condition has been evaluated and be transferred to the service of Dr.	
potential benefits of such transfer, the potential risks associated v	with transfer, and the probable risks of not being transferred have
been explained to me and I fully understand them. Even though	•
Is in my best interests to be transferred, I refuse to be transferred	d and I request instead to continue receiving treatment at
St. Thomas More Hospital.	
Clause of nations as locally managed by a distributed as a section of the base	NAFA
Signature of patient or legally responsible individual signing on patient's behalf	Witness
Relationship to Patient	Date and Time

Original - Medical Record Yellow - Receiving Facility

Page 2 of 2

# St. Thomas More Hospital

Centura Health.
EMTALA Transfer Form
CHEDM-012 rev. 03/14



DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S
DOB 07/28/1973 M/43 02/22/17



	EMTALATRAN
	Physicians: Please complete all shaded areas
l.	PATIENT CONDITION
A.	The patient has been examined and any emergency medical condition stabilized such that, within reasonable clinical confidence, no material deterioration of the patient's condition or the condition of the unborn child(ren) is likely to result from or occur during transfer. (If in labor, please check below)
В. С.	The patient has been examined, an Emergency Medical Condition has been identified and the patient's condition has not stabilized, but the transfer is medically indicated and in the best interest of the patient. (If in labor, please check below)  The patient is pregnant with contractions, but the patient has been examined and within reasonable clinical confidence it has been determined
	that the patient and unborn child(ren) are at a stage at which safe transfer could be arranged and the benefits of transfer outweigh the risks.
IJ.	TRANSFER REQUIREMENTS
A.	ACCEPTANCE The receiving facility has the capability for the treatment of this patient (including adequate capacity, equipment and qualified medical personnel) and has agreed to accept the transfer and to provide appropriate medical treatment.  Name of destination hospital:  5776
	Admission Accepted/Received by: Name: AWWW MAN Phone 1955 7522 Date: 200 Time: 100
	Signature of staff person obtaining acceptance: Much
	Accepting/Receiving Physician: Name: D Shattacai Title: MD Phone #: 66 919 9770 Date: 723/17 Time: 10-1/
	Signature of physician obtaining acceptance:
В.	REPORT given to: Receiving Nurse Name: WWW TIME TITLE: Phone #195576220 Phone #195676220 Phone #19567620 Phone Phon
C.	ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTATION WISHE MUID Title: CFN Phone #: 7/92 65 2 2 70 2/22/17 Jime: Jim
D.	TRANSPORTATION  The patient will be transferred by qualified personnel and transportation equipment as required, including the use of necessary and medically appropriat life support measures: PACLS DLS  Transport Agency:Accompanied by: None MD RN RT Other (list)  Transport by Private car:
E.	MEDICAL ORDERS           Cardiac Monitor         □ Yes         □ No           Resuscitate         □ Yes         □ No         IV: □ none
	Reason for Transfer:  RTIFICATION  Reason for Transfer:  Continuity of Care Patient Requested Higher Specialized Level of Care needed Capacity not available here  On-Call Physician's Name and Address:  Other:
ha	eve examined the patient and explained the following risks and benefits of being transferred to the patient
	ks: Deterioration in condition Disability. Death Other:
no no	Transports have inherent risks of delays or accidents in transit, inclement weather, rough terrain or turbulence (if air), pain or discomfort upor vement and limitations of equipment and personnel present in the vehicle
	nefits: A Higher or Specialized level of care at receiving facility * Specialty: Cocology
	valiable capacity not currently available at this facility  Continuity of care  Other:
xa	sed on these reasonable risks and benefits to the patient and/or the unborn child(ren), and based upon the information available at the time of the patient' mination, I certify that the medical benefits reasonably to be expected from the provision of appropriate medical treatment at another medical facilit weigh the increased risks, If any, to the individual's medical condition from effecting the transfer.
	15his 2/23/17 6:11 m
Sign	nature of Physician or Qualified Medical Person Date Time

Countersignature of Physician (if transfer certification signed by Qualified Medical Person)

Date

1 IMB

Case 1:18-cv-01502-CMA-NYW Document 22 Filed 10/31/18 USDC Colorado Page 50 of 58 02/23/17 15:57 If received in error, please notify 866-604-1234 and destroy original. Page

St. Mary Corwin Hospital.

PT: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S

DOB: 07/28/1973, 43, M UNIT #: MM00690603 REPORT #: 0223-1111 ADM: 02/22/17 1037

LOC: MC2WEST2 MC2507-1 (ADM IN)

ACCOUNT #: MA0001030130 Gibson, George Douglas MD

### CATH/INVASIVE PROCEDURE

13008-040

Signed

DATE OF SERVICE: 02/23/2017

INDICATION: Non-STEMI.

PROCEDURE: Left heart catheterization with coronary arteriography and drugeluting stent placement in a totally occluded circumflex.

PROCEDURE: Cardiac catheterization and angioplasty were conducted in standard fashion in accordance with the chronologic log available in the Department of Cardiology. This was conducted via the right radial artery.

RESULTS: Left ventriculography: Deferred.

#### CORONARY ANATOMY:

- 1. Left main coronary artery is normal and free of disease.
- 2. The left anterior descending coronary artery is a large vessel which wraps around the apex. It is normal and free of disease.
- 3. The circumflex coronary artery is nondominant. It is 100% occluded proximally. It fills distally via right-to-left collaterals.
- 4. The right coronary artery is large and dominant proximally. There is a
- ' diffuse 20% luminal irregularity. Distally there are trivial 5 and 10% luminal irregularities. There is no obstructive disease. Right-to-left collateral filling of the distal circumflex is noted.

Angioplasty comment: Using a 6-French 3.5 EBU guiding catheter several wires were used in an attempt to cross the total occlusion. Eventually, I was able to cross with a PT 2 wire. A  $2.5 \times 15$  mm Sprinter balloon was then passed to the site of the stenosis and inflated several times at nominal atmospheres for about 20 seconds. Thereafter, angiography showed distal flow. The balloon was removed and exchanged for a  $2.75 \times 16$  mm PROMUS drug-eluting stent, which was deployed in the proximal circumflex into the 1st obtuse marginal branch at 14 atmospheres for 20 seconds. Angiography at that point showed that the stent was well positioned with good distal flow. The stent is jailing the AV groove circumflex and distal to this there is a

FACILITY: MC

FU

Signed
CATH/INVASIVE PROCEDURE

Department's copy Page 1 of 2

EX. I

Case 1:18-cv-01502-CMA-NYW Document 22 Filed 10/31/18 USDC Colorado Page 51 of 58 02/23/17 15:57 If received in error, please notify 866-604-1234 and destroy original. , Page .2

PT: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S REPORT #: 0223-1111

ACCOUNT #: MA0001030130

UNIT #: MM00690603

moderate size obtuse marginal branch at the jailed segment of this vessel, is in the 50-70% range but given the excellent flow I elected to not further treat that stenosis.

13608.040

COMPLICATIONS: None.

TOTAL DYE: 165 cc.

CONCLUSIONS: Single vessel obstructive coronary disease with a totally occluded and collateralized circumflex reduced to 0% stenosis after drugeluting stent placement.

MEDQ-US/JOB#136785/732524703

DICTATED BY: Gibson, George Douglas MD

D: 02/23/17 1442 T: 02/23/17 1520 ZZZ

CO-SIGNER:

ELECTRONICALLY SIGNED BY: Gibson, George Douglas MD

ELECTRONICALLY CO-SIGNED BY:

ITS DELIVERY DATE/TIME: 02/23/17 1530

S: 02/23/17 1556

DISTRIBUTION LIST:

BHATSH - Shiva Bhattarai MD

GIBSGE - George Douglas Gibson MD

xAMERCOHC - Healthcare xAmerican Correctional

\*\*END\*\*

FACILITY: MC

Signed CATH/INVASIVE PROCEDURE Department's copy Page 2 of 2

St. Mary Corwin Hospital

PT: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S

DOB: 07/28/1973, 43, M UNIT #: MM00690603 REPORT #: 0223-0619

ti

ADM: 02/22/17 1037

LOC: MC2WEST2 MC2507-1 (ADM IN)

ACCOUNT #: MA0001030130 Gibson,George Douglas MD

CARDIOLOGY CONSULTATION

13008-540

Signed .

DATE OF CONSULTATION: 02/23/2017

REASON FOR CONSULTATION: Non STEMI.

CHIEF COMPLAINT AND HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS: Mr. Domenech is a 43-year-old gentleman who is in the custody of the Bureau of Prisons. He has been in custody for about 10 years. He has no cardiac history, and in fact only has a history of migraine headaches. About 2 days ago beginning Tuesday morning he was awoke at 3:00 a.m. with substernal chest pain radiating into the shoulder and left arm. This lasted a few minutes and remitted spontaneously.

Yesterday morning the patient was again awoke at about 3:00 a.m. with chest pain radiating into the shoulder and arm. This lasted several minutes and then went away. It recurred at 4:00 a.m. At that point, he presented to medical attention.

He was transferred to Saint Thomas More and was treated with the usual medications. However, his troponin was elevated and he was transferred to St. Mary-Corwin.

His enzymes have continued to climb from 1.42 to 3.95, and most recently 4.88. He is currently having just a trace amount of chest discomfort.

The patient does not have orthopnea, PND, or peripheral edema. He has not had palpitations or passing out. He has not had chest pain like this in the past.

MEDICATIONS: Medications prior to admission included only:

- 1. Propranolol.
- 2. Naprosyn.

ALLERGIES: NO KNOWN DRUG ALLERGIES.

FACILITY: MC

U

Signed CARDIOLOGY CONSULTATION

Department's copy Page 1 of 3

EX. I

PT: DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO S \* REPORT #: 0223-0619

ACCOUNT #: MA0001030130 UNIT #: MM00690603

13008-040

PAST MEDICAL HISTORY: Significant for migraines.

PAST SURGICAL HISTORY: Negative.

SOCIAL HISTORY: He is in the custody of the Bureau of Prisons, and has been for some years. There is a history of prior tobacco use. Apparently he has also used tobacco in prison, although that is apparently not permitted.

FAMILY HISTORY: Negative for early coronary disease.

REVIEW OF SYSTEMS: Reviewed in depth, and positive just for migraine headaches. Otherwise, all else was negative.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: VITAL SIGNS: Blood pressure is 139/85. Pulse 68. Respirations 16.

HEENT: Sclerae anicteric. Conjunctivae are noninjected. The oropharynx is moist. Jugular venous pressure is normal. Carotid upstrokes are normal. There are no carotid bruits.

CHEST: Clear. Breathing is unlabored.

CARDIAC: Shows a regular rate and rhythm. S1, S2. I do not appreciate any murmur, gallop, or rub.

ABDOMEN: Soft and nontender, without organomegaly, masses, or bruits.

Radial, femoral, and pedal pulses are present.

NEUROLOGIC: He is neurologically intact. Moving all extremities x4.

Awake, alert, and oriented x3.

LABORATORY STUDIES: ECGs are reviewed, and all 3 available to me show a sinus rhythm with normal axis, normal intervals, and normal ST segments.

Other labs show a sodium of 140. A potassium 3.9. Chloride 107. CO2 25. Creatinine 1.03. BUN 9. Glucose 81. White count 7.4. Hematocrit 44.3. Platelets 218.

#### IMPRESSION:

- 1. Chest pain with abnormal troponins, consistent with non ST segment elevation myocardial infarction.
- 2. Migraine headaches.
- 3, History of tobacco use.

RECOMMENDATIONS: Cardiac catheterization has been discussed in depth with the patient, including risks and benefits. He has been given the opportunity to ask questions, and all his questions have been answered. He junderstands the procedure as outlined, and agrees to proceed. This will be scheduled for today at 1:30 p.m.

FACILITY: MC

Signed CARDIOLOGY CONSULTATION Department's copy Page 2 of 3

Patient Report

Specimen ID: 280-166-1832-0

Control ID: EXP05210405

DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO

Acet #1 05210405 **FCC Florence** 

Phone: (719) 784-5496

Rte: 99

Attn:Health/Lab Services 5880 State Hwy 67 South

Physician Details

**Fatient Datails** -DOB: 07/28/1973 Agety/m/d): 043/02/08 Gender: M SSN:

Patient ID: 13008-040

Specimen Details

Date collected: 10/06/2016 1000 Local Date entered: 10/07/2016 Date reported: 10/07/2016 1009 Local

Ordering: Referring: ID; RESTO

NPI:

Ordered Items

Urinalysis, Routine; Sedimentation Rate-Westergren

TESTS	RESULT	FLAG	UNITS	REFERENCE INTERVAL	LAB
Urinalysis, Routine					
Urinalysis Gross Exam					01
Specific Gravity	1.017			1.005 - 1.030	01
pH ,	6.0			5.0 - 7.5	01
Urine-Color	Yellow			Yellow	. 01
Appearance	Clear			Clear	01
WBC Bsterase	Negative			Negative	01
Protein	Negative			Negative/Trace	01
Gluçose	Negative			Negative	01 -
-Ketones	Negative		•	Negative	'01
Occult Blood	Negative			Negative	01
Bilirubin	Negative			Negative	01
Urobilinogen, Semi-Qn	0.2	•	mg/dL	0.2 - 1.0	01
Nitrite, Urine	Negative			Negative	01
Microscopic Examination	•				01
Microscopic not indi	cated and not p	erformed.			V.
Sedimentation Rate-Wester	rren				
	. 2		mm/hr	0 - 15	01
01 DV LabCorp Denver			Dir. Brian P	oirier, MD	

8490 Upland Drive, Englewood, CO 80112-7115 For inquiries, the physician may contact Branch: 303-792-2500 Lab: 800-795-3699

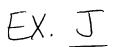
Date Issued: 10/07/16 1154 ET

FINAL REPORT

Page 1 of 1

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<del>207-1</del>65 202-205



\*\*\* Sensitive But Unclassified \*\*\*

Name DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO

Reg # 13008-040 DOB 07/28/1973 Sex M

Prisons

Facility USP Florence High Order Unit RCH Unit Provider William Resto, MD

Collected 10/06/2016 02:23
Received 10/07/2016 12:54
Reported 10/07/2016 15:29
LIS ID 281161978

		CHEMISTRY		
Sodium	•	144	136-146.	mEq/L
Potassium	Н	5.2	3.6-4.9	mEq/L
Chloride		104	98-108	mEq/L
CO2	•	25	22-29	mmol/L
BUN		10	7-24	mg/dL
Creatinine		1.2	0.6-1.2	mg/dL
eGFR (IDMS)		>60		1
GFR units measured a If African American mu A calculated GFR <60	iltiply by 1,210.	y disease if found over a 3 mo	nth period.	,
Calcium		9.7	8.6-10.4	mg/dL
Glucose		92	70-110	mg/dL .
AST		17	10-37	U/L
ALT		· 15	8-40	U/L
Alkaline Phosphatase		54	49-126 -	U/L
Bilirubin, Total		0.7	0.1-1.1	mg/dL
Total Protein .		6.9	6.3-8.3	. g/dL
Albumin		4.5	3.5-5.0	, g/dL i
Globulin		2.4	2.0-3.7	g/dL
Alb/Glob Ratio		1.88	1.00-2.30	•
Anion Gap		15.4	9.0-19.0	mmol/L
BUN/Creat Ratio		8.3	5.0-30.0	
Uric Acid		5.5	4.4-8.2	mg/dL

	CHEMISTRY, URINE		·
Microalbumin, Urine Random	4	0-17	mg/L
Creatinine, Urine Random	183.0	60.0-200.0	mg/dL
Microalbumin/Creatinine Ratio	2	0-29	ug/mg Cr

Random mALB Creat ratio: Category - Result -

Calegory \_\_\_\_

Less than 30 30 - 299

Microalbuminuria Clinical albuminuria

30 - 299 Greater than 300

The ADA recommends that at least two of three specimens collected within a 3 - 6 month period be abnormal before considering a patient to be within a diagnostic category.

ADA Diabetes Care, Vol. 34: S34, 2011 299ADA Diabetes Care V34 S34 2011e

	SPECIAL CHEMISTRY		<u>'</u> '
T4, Free	1.37	0.93-1.70	ng/dL

FLAG LEGEND L=Low LI=Low Critical H=High H!=High Critical A=Abnormal A! =Abnormal Critical

Page 1 of 2





# FMC Rochester 2110 E. Center Street Rochester, MN 55904 507-287-0674

\*\*\* Sensitive But Unclassified \*\*\* Facility USP Florence High Name DOMENECH, ALEJANDRO Collected 10/06/2016 02:23 **RCH Unit** Received 10/07/2016 12:54 **Order Unit** Reg # 13008-040 Reported 10/07/2016 15:29 **DOB** 07/28/1973 Provider William Resto, MD Sex М LIS ID 281161978

SPECIAL CHEMISTRY	SP	ECIAL	CHEM	ISTRY
-------------------	----	-------	------	-------

PSA, Total

1.64

<2.50

ng/mL

The minimal reporting value is 0.1 ng/mL. Values >0.2 ng/mL are considered evidence of biochemical recurrence of cancer in men after prostatectomy.

**TSH** 

1.03

0.50-5.00

ulU/mL

HEMATOLOGY					
WBC	4.1	3.5-10.5	K/uL		
RBC	5.23	4.10-6.00	M/uL		
Hemoglobin	16.2	12.0-17.5	g/dL		
Hematocrit	49.7	38:8-50.0	%		
MCV -	95.2	76.0-100.0	fL		
MCH	31.0	27.0-33.0	pg		
MCHC ·	32.6	28.0-36.0	g/dL		
RDW	13.6 ·	12.0-15.0	%		
Platelet	219	150-450	K/uL <sup>-</sup>		
Neutrophils %	59.5	•	%		
Therapeutic decision making should be	e based on absolute values, father tha	n percentages			
Total Lymphocytes %	33.8		%		
Monocytes %	5.0		%		
Eosinophils %	1.2		%		
Basophils %	0.5		%		
Neutrophils #	2.5	1.1-7.9	K/uL		
Total Lymphocytes #	1.4	0.5-4.7	` K/uL		
Monocytes #	0.2	0.0-1.3	K/uL		
Eosinophils #	0.05	. 0.00-0.70	K/uL		
Basophils #	0.0	0.0-0.2	K/uŁ		

Clerk of the Court U.S. District Court District of Colorado 901 - 19th Street, ROOM A105 Denver, CO 80294-3589

RE: ALEJANDRO SERRANO DOMENECH v. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

USDC Civ. No. 1:18-CV-01502

Dear Clerk:

October 12, 2018

Please find enclosed for filing with the Court:

AMENDED PRISONER COMPLAINT, PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL TORT CLAIMS ACT OF 28 U.S.C. §1346(b); §2671 et seq.; 18 U.S.C. §4042

in relation to the above-referenced civil matter.

Thank you in advance for your time and assistance.

Note:

THIS FILING WAS PLACED INTO THE INTERNALS
MAIL SYSTEM AT MY INSTITUTION ON Al
OCTOBER 12, 2018. SEE: AFFIDAVIT OF RE
MAILING SET FORTH ON PAGE 15 OF U.
ENCLOSED AMENDED PRISONER COMPLAINT. P.

Respectfully,

Alejandro S. Domenech, pro se

Reg. No. 13008-040

U.S. Penitentiary - Atwater

P.O. Box 019001 Atwater, CA 95301

cc: /asd

enclosure

U.S. Atty. Off.

recteral Correctional Complex Us Penitentiary-Coleman II 10. box 1034 Coleman, FL 33521-1034 No. 13008-040

Alejandro S- Domenech

0 Lb 10.10 Oz

Origin: 33521

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DISTRICT OF COLORADX

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Denver, CO BOAS

CLERK OF THE COURT

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